

## COLORED AMERICANS IN OFFICE

14,397 ON UNITED STATES PAY ROLL

—WHAT THE REPUBLICAN PARTY IS DOING AND HAS DONE FOR THE COLORED RACE—EX-GOV. P. B. S. PINCHBACK THE LATEST APPOINTMENT—PROGRESS OF THE COLORED RACE UNDER REPUBLICAN RULE.

### Credit for Emancipation and Democrats Unfriendly to the Colored Race.

This discloses for the first time the extent to which Negroes have been given government preferment. There are nearly 15,000 Negroes employed by the government. They total salaries aggregating \$8,255,761. Eleven are officials of the Diplomatic and Consular Service; 11 are officers in the United States army; nearly 3,000 are employed in the postal service. The number employed in departments in Washington is 5,768, 703 of whom are in the Treasury, 571 in the Government Printing Office and 421 in the Department of the Interior.

### Colored Employees of Government.

The following table of the number of Negroes employed in the service of the Federal government is presented:

	No.	Salary.
Diplomatic and Consular Service	11	\$37,000
Departmental Service, Washington:		
State	26	19,360
Treasury	703	479,840
War	166	120,910
Navy	76	46,600
Postoffice	182	108,460
Interior	421	249,975
Justice	34	9,720
Agriculture	129	69,924
Com. and Labor	217	97,924
Gov. Pnt'g Office	571	398,180
I. S. C. Com.	37	19,200
U. S. Capitol	187	127,640
Wash. City P. O.	201	161,240
Dist. of Col. Gov't, including skilled laborers	2,824	1,263,985
Departmental Service at Large:		
Cus. and Int. Rev.	592	495,276
Postoffice	2,997	2,338,242
Interior	25	27,640
Com. and Labor	78	50,420
U. S. A. Officers	11	29,285
Enlisted men	2,948	919,121
Misc., including unclassified	1,967	1,179,750
Total	14,397	\$8,255,761

### Some Get as Much as \$10,000.

This campaign book declares that "on August 1, 1910, there were more Afro-Americans in the service of the United States government than ever before in the history of the country. The highest salary paid an Afro-American is received by the Envoy Extraordinary and Minister Plenipotentiary of the United States to Haiti, whose salary is \$10,000 per annum. A number of government officials receive from \$2,500 to \$5,000 a year. Clerks are paid from \$900 to \$1,800."

Then there follows an enumeration of Negro appointments set forth by the Republican campaign book as follows:

### In High Places.

A few Afro-Americans who have been honored by the Republican party, appointed or recommended by the President as government officials:

William T. Vernon, of Kansas, Register of the Treasury.

Henry L. Johnson, of Georgia, Recorder of Deeds, District of Columbia.

Ralph W. Tyler, of Ohio, Auditor for the Navy Department.

C. F. Adams, Assistant Register of the Treasury.

John M. Holzendorf, Collector of Customs, St. Mary's, Ga.

Henry A. Bucker, Collector of Internal Revenue, Atlanta, Ga.

Charles W. Anderson, Collector of Internal Revenue, New York City.

Whitfield McKinlay, Collector of Customs, Washington, D. C.

Walter Cohen, Register of Land Office, New Orleans.

Robert H. Terrell, Judge of Municipal Court, District of Columbia.

Joseph E. Lee, Collector of Internal Revenue, Jacksonville, Fla.

N. W. Alexander, Register of Land Office, Montgomery, Ala.

John E. Bush, Receiver of Public Moneys, Little Rock, Ark.

Thomas Richardson, Postmaster, Port Gibson, Miss.

William H. Lewis, Assistant District Attorney, Boston.

Nelson Crews, Special Agent, Department of Agriculture.

W. D. Johnson, Kentucky, Special Agent, Interior Department.

### Negro Ministers and Consuls.

Immediately on the heels of this enumeration the Republicans gave the following list of Negroes in the diplomatic and consular service:

	Salary.
Henry W. Furniss, Minister to Haiti	\$10,000
William D. Crum, Minister to Liberia	5,000
Richard C. Bunday, Secretary of Legation, Liberia	2,000
Consular.	
William J. Yerby, Consul at Sierra Leone, West Indies	2,000

James G. Carter, Consul at Tamatave, Madagascar	2,500
Christopher H. Payne, Consul at St. Thomas, West Indies	3,000
George H. Jackson, Consul at Cognac, France	3,000
Lemuel W. Livingston, Consul at Cape Haitien, Haiti	2,000
William H. Hunt, Consul at St. Etienne, France	2,500
Herbert R. Wright, Consul at Puerto Cabello, Venezuela	2,000
James W. Johnson, Consul at Corinto, Nicaragua	3,000
Total	\$37,000

### Colored Officers in the Army.

The Negroes in the United States army are enumerated as follows:

Officers.	
Lt.-Col. Allen Allensworth (retired)	\$3,375
Major John R. Lynch	3,600
Major Wm. T. Anderson (retired)	2,700
Capt. Charles Young	3,360
Capt. George W. Prideau	3,120
Capt. Theophilus G. Stewart (retired)	2,340
1st Lieut. Benjamin O. Davis	2,400
1st Lieut. John E. Green	2,400
1st Lieut. W. W. E. Gladden	2,000
1st Lieut. Oscar J. W. Scott	2,000
1st Lieut. Louis A. Carter	2,000

Total yearly pay of officers. \$29,295

Enlisted men in the Ninth and Tenth Cavalry, Twenty-fourth and Twenty-fifth Infantry and their yearly pay in aggregate amounts to... 919,121

Total for officers and men. \$930,378

### Says Republicans Freed Negroes.

The campaign book quotes extracts from the speeches of acceptance of Taft and Sherman to show that they "stand squarely on the equal justice plank" and in discussing the attitude of the Republican party toward the Negro the campaign managers say:

"Prior to the advent of Abraham Lincoln and the Republican party about 4,000,000 Afro-Americans were held in bondage in the Southern States, then, as now, controlled by the Democrats, and when the Republican party elected Lincoln President, thus setting the stamp of disapproval upon the Democratic desires, these Democratic Southern States seceded from the Union and attempted to set up a Confederacy, with human slavery as the chief cornerstone."

"The Republican party determined that the Confederacy should be destroyed; that the Union should be preserved; and, true to its principles and in keeping with its own declaration, the Great Emancipator struck the shackles from the limbs of the bondsmen. Following the freedom of the slaves came their enlistment in the army and navy, and by this act the names of 200,000 Afro-Americans were added to the honor roll. The leaders of the Republican party, feeling that their work was far from completion, framed and passed the Thirteenth, Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments, and the States ratified their action, thus making slavery impossible and confirming the civil and political rights of the Afro-American people."

"Clothed by the Republican party with the right to vote, it is surprising that these newly-made citizens voted with the party which had taken them from their former position as mere chattels and made them citizens of the Republic."

### Education North and South.

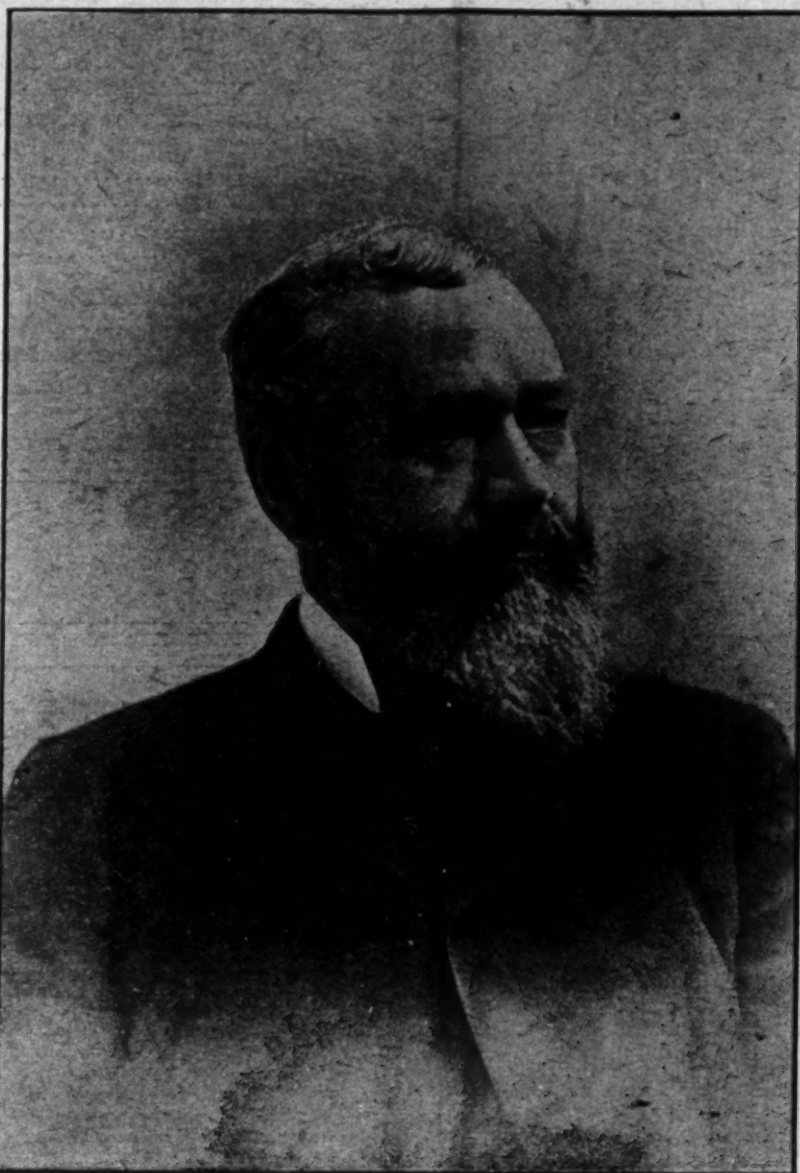
"In the matter of public education, the difference between the two parties is marked. In the North, where the Republicans generally control, education among the colored people is widely diffused, while in the Democratic South the percentage of illiteracy is very great."

"The Democratic legislators fail to provide equal school facilities for the two races, and in several States the facilities, already meager, have recently been materially reduced. In Louisiana no Afro-American child received public instruction above the fifth grade, and there is a general movement throughout the Southern Democratic States to confine the education of the Afro-American children to the lower grades. The movement to divide the school money between whites and Afro-Americans in proportion to their contributions in taxes to the school fund arises in one Democratic Southern State after another, the purpose of which is to perpetuate Afro-American illiteracy."

"That the Democrats in general are in sympathy with the 'Jim Crow' idea was shown on Washington's Birthday, 1908, when Congressman Hefflin, of Alabama, introduced an amendment providing 'Jim Crow' cars for the Capital of the Nation. Every Republican member present voted against the amendment, while many Democrats voted for it."

"The platform adopted by the Republican party at Chicago contains

Continued on Page 4.



EX-GOV. P. B. S. PINCHBACK, Of Louisiana, has been appointed to a good government position.

### HON. C. BASCOM SLEMP.

#### A Brilliant Record of a Young Man.

An Honor in Congress—From Page to a Legislator—Popular With All Classes.

Hon. C. Bascom Slemp, the Republican gladiator of the State of Virginia, is a candidate for Congress in the Ninth district of Virginia. The eyes of the whole country are on this district and the contest.

Mr. Slemp is working for re-election to Congress, where he has faithfully served his people for more than three years. From the time he entered Congress to the present, his lot has been a busy one. He set out at once to see what was best for his district and State, applying his time and energy to the legislation suited for his district and country at large.

The things he has accomplished speak for themselves. Every bit of legislation for the interest of the people found Mr. Slemp a ready advocate. When the Payne-Aldrich tariff bill was under consideration in the House of Representatives, he got busy and worked with other members, who represented similar interests in their districts, to preserve in the bill great principles of protection.

Mr. Slemp had in mind the great living industries of the Southwest, such as coal, iron ore and other minerals; also vast lumber mills of that country, that mean so much to the people of that section.

The farmer, coal operator and iron manufacturer were all protected in the tariff bill, through his efforts.

Had these articles been put upon the free list, mountain bats and rats in three years would take possession of the great coal mines of that section.

Under the Republican administration, to-day the farmer can sell his cattle, sheep, hogs and chickens by telephone or telegraph.



These are the people Mr. Slemp has worked for. He would not support any legislation that curtailed the farmer's market or reduced the laborer's wages, or caused the suspension of manufacturing interests of the country.

He gave his section increased free delivery service.

Nine thousand dollars was given by him, which was going into every man's and woman's pocket, towards the erection and repairing of buildings in that section. He asked the people among their intimate friends.

general government to care for and mark the graves of the Confederate soldiers buried in Arlington Cemetery, on the banks of the Potomac River. Inasmuch as he has done more for the State than any other man since the close of the war, it shall be wise for the people of the Ninth district to take Lincoln's advice, "Don't swap horses while crossing the stream," but return Mr. Slemp to Congress, where he can continue in his great work for the people of Virginia. There is no man in the National halls of Congress who has done so much in such a little time. What he has accomplished is better seen than told.

### His Record in Congress.

Secured the following appropriations:	
Federal building at Big Stone Gap	\$100,000
Federal building at Wytheville	65,000
Repair of Federal building at Abingdon	8,000
Removing obstructions in lower Clinch River	2,000
Total	\$180,000

He has secured for residents of the Ninth district positions which the district never had before, amounting in the aggregate per annum to about...

This includes a Collector, District Attorney, Assistant District Attorney, a Consul General, one on seagoing vessels, one appointee stationed in Colorado, and numerous other places.

He has secured the passage of various private claims aggregating approximately...

He has secured back-due pensions for residents of the Ninth district aggregating approximately...

He has secured, by special acts of Congress, increases of pensions for deserving veterans, aggregating per annum...

Amount annually coming to the district through attention to pension matters before the Pension Bureau, aside from back pensions due, stated above...

Total \$262,500

Rural free delivery routes and post-offices established are not included here.

Mr. Slemp has held office only since January 1, 1908, a period of 10 months. The total just stated makes an average secured for the district of about \$6,000 per month, or about \$300 per day.

### Biographical Sketch.

A page in the House of Delegates of Virginia, a teacher in the Virginia public schools, a graduate of the Virginia Military Institute, taking the highest honors of any student for 70 years; an adjunct professor of mathematics in the same school with rank of major; a lawyer, and successful business man; an aggressive leader of his party as State chairman; a Congressman whom the people of the Ninth district of Virginia feel proud to honor, regardless of politics, and above all, a Christian gentleman. This is a brief biography of the man who presents his claims for your support on November 7. Hon. C. B. Slemp, a man whom the foremost leaders of the great dominant party in American politics are proud to number among their intimate friends.

service. In a speech before the House, delivered on Tuesday, March 8, 1910, he said, among other things:

"There is no more important branch of the postal service than that of the rural free delivery. It reaches the homes of our country people; it brings the life of the farmer closer to the world at large. It removes in a large degree his isolation, thus contributing to his social happiness, and is the principal benefit derived by our farming population through the distribution of public funds."

"The Republican party that inaugurated the great system that connects the homes of our country citizens with the busy marts of industry, is committed to an extension and an improvement of the system. No legislative acts would be more appreciated by our country people than legislation of this character. Public sentiment strongly favors it."

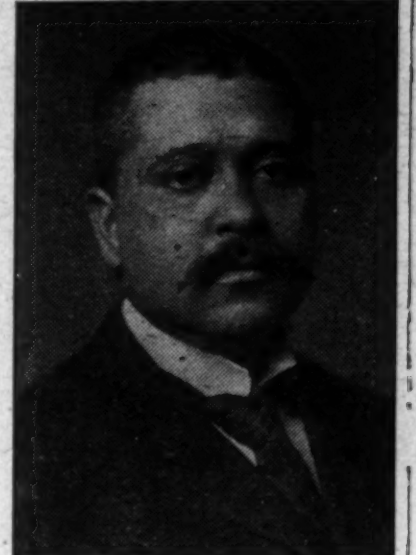
He has made every possible effort to extend the rural free delivery service in the Ninth District, with the result that on July 1, 1910, there were 136 routes in operation, the total cost of which for the current fiscal year, as estimated by the Postoffice Department, will be \$122,237.00. The residents of the Ninth District get both the benefit of this splendid mail facility and of this large amount of money which is thus expended in the district annually, adding materially to the money supply that makes the prosperity of the people.

The Republican party inaugurated, and has consistently fostered, this great benefit to the farmers and country residents, and in ten years the number of routes established totals 40,628, requiring an expenditure for the year 1909 of \$35,661,034.00. This for the especial benefit of the farmers.

### He Doesn't Regret It.

(From the N. Y. Tribune.) As Col. Roosevelt strode down the platform at the Grand Central Station this morning he was met by a Negro of fine stature and with a smiling countenance. Mr. Roosevelt shook his hand most cordially, and then, turning to his companion, said: "This is Charles W. Anderson, whom I appointed Collector of Internal Revenue. He is a splendid type of public official. It would be hard to find a better one. I have never had reason for one moment to regret Anderson's appointment."

Another caller who spent some time with the ex-President was Henry L. Stimson, special counsel for the gov-



ernment in the prosecution of the sugar trust. Mr. Stimson was decidedly reticent regarding the nature of his conference, but after long deliberation said that they had "talked politics." Still another caller was Chas. W. Anderson, Collector of Internal Revenue in New York, who was appointed by Mr. Roosevelt, and still another was United States Marshal Hendel.

A life and drum corps of the Seventh Assembly District Republican Club came to Saratoga to help make things lively; rode in the car directly behind Mr. Roosevelt, and gave him a noisy serenade which lasted all the morning.

### "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

That old, old story, so new to present-day theatergoers, "slavery days" will be realistically interpreted the week of October 10 at the Howard Theater by Stetson's spectacular "Uncle Tom's Cabin" company. For this season the members of the Stetson company were selected especially for his or her adaptability to the roles essayed. The result has been a rarely harmonious whole, it is claimed, which has done much to add to the effectiveness of the production. The scenery, painted especially for this revival, includes a number of handsome scenes reproduced from pictures of the localities mentioned in the book, as they were at the time when the great authoress first wrote the story, more than 50 years ago. Some of the most notable of these scenes are the Swanne River by moonlight, cotton fields in full bloom, the Ohio River in winter, and the escape of Eliza, carrying her child, across the floating ice; the rocky pass, in which George Harris made his stand against the men pursuing him and protected his family; the St. Clair plantation home, the levee at New Orleans, showing a slave auction; Legree's plantation, and lastly, the beautiful transformation scene, showing Eva's ascension to the Celestial City. The play has long since been public property and has been played by many poor companies, until the public has come to recognize the fact that none but Manager Washburn has the one great, unequalled organization, and that is why his Stetson production always brings out the theater-going crowd.

## PARAGRAPHIC NEWS

(By Miss G. B. Maxfield.)

The population of New Mexico is 327,395, as enumerated in the 13th census, an increase of 132,086, or 67.6 per cent over 195,310 in 1900.

A gift of \$30,000 to Harvard University from the Duke and Duchess de Arcos, of Spain. This is to be used in encouraging research work in historical archives, especially those of Spain.

A free public library was opened in Sutton, England, the gift of Andrew Carnegie. It is said Mr. Carnegie has given away \$150,000,000.

President Taft has approved the plans prepared by D. H. Burnham & Co. for the new city postoffice, which is to be erected adjoining the new Union Station on the west.

The Hebrews observed the opening of their New Year last week. According to their calendar, we are living in the year 5671.

President Taft has received the resignation of W. T. Vernon, Register of the Treasury, to take effect Feb. 1 next. J. C. Napier, it is stated, will fill the vacancy.

The United States Treasury has in its general fund approximately \$20,000,000 in subsidiary silver.

The District was made \$6,044 richer during the fiscal year ended June 30 by tags and permits issued to automobile owners and operators. The Board examined 2,339 applicants during the year and issued 2,262 permits.

Plans are being made by Commissioner Rudolph for the elimination of slums. Willow Tree Alley, one of the most notorious sections, will be made into a playground, if money is appropriated by Congress.

After an absence of two years, the face of Martha Washington will again adorn United States postal cards. These cards take the place of the Sherman and Sheridan cards, which are printed on paper of a bluish tint.

Dr. Ionia R. Whipper belongs the honor of being the first lady physician of our race to serve on the medical staff of the Woman's Clinic. She had attained such marked success in the treatment of women and children's diseases during her service as house physician at the Institute, Institute, W. Va., and during her five years' practice at Clarksburg, that she was called to take charge of Dr. Heiberger's work at the Woman's Clinic during the absence of that lady last summer. So well pleased was Dr. Heiberger with the work of Dr. Whipper that she has asked her to continue her association with her during the coming winter. Dr. Whipper has recently opened her office at 201 T street northwest, and will specialize in women's and children's diseases.

The bust of Henry Clay, carved by Hiram Powers, one of the greatest American sculptors, was presented to Kentucky by Luther Kountz, a wealthy New York banker.

Senator Benjamin R. Tillman, of South Carolina, if his health continues to improve, intends to be a candidate for the United States Senate in 1912.

Dr. Thirkield, president of Howard University, in an official statement, has asked Mr. H. D. Bradford, an instructor in drawing, to resign, or cease his activity as head of the Anti-Vaccination Society.

Mr. A. W. Holmes, new Grand Worthy Master of the Free Reformers, has assumed the duties of the office. Rev. Taylor has been given a position paying \$30 monthly.

Attorney E. P. Blakemore, Coffeyville, Kan., strongly opposes the proposition of Dr. Vernon to have colored students withdraw from Kansas University and enter the Quindaro University, of which he is president.

One of the most elaborate receptions ever held in Monrovia, Africa, and the only one of its nature ever tendered to a retiring diplomat, was given to Rev. Ernest Lyon.

The principal British continental aviation meetings this year resulted in financial loss to their promoters aggregating \$375,000.

Booker T. Washington has been received by King Frederick and conversed at length on "The colored race."

China has taken the second step toward the development of a popular representative form of government. Prince Chun opened the newly-constituted Imperial Senate Oct. 3. A handsome embroidered silk panel has been received by the Board of Trade from the Commercial Commissioners of Japan, expressing their thanks for the cordial reception given them while visiting here.

President Frederick W. Hamilton, of Tufts College, says that unmarried women teachers should be barred from girls' colleges, because their influence is harmful. He thinks married teachers and widows would be more beneficial.

Dr. William A. White, superintendent of the Government Hospital for the Insane, spoke at the opening of the 43d annual session of Howard University School of Medicine last Monday evening. A large number of friends as well as the alumni of the school were present.

The First American International Humane Conference will be held in this city Oct. 10 to 15 to discuss the training of children as the future citizens. Representatives from 26 foreign countries are expected. "The moving pictures and the child" will be one of the topics for discussion.

The Catholic University opened the sessions of its 25th scholastic year last Tuesday with a registration that exceeds all of its previous years.

Mrs. Martha Davis, the only surviving sister of John Brown, the abolitionist, died at Bendon, Mich., at the age of 78.



# I ASK THEE NOT

(Ich Frage nicht)

Sung by Veronica Schwab of the Kitty Bellairs Company

M. MOSZKOWSKI

*Andante.*

1. I ask thee not, dost thou love me? I feel I know it must be so; As  
2. I do not say I love but thee, I feel thou know'st it must be so; But  
1. Ich fra - ge nicht: "hast Du mich lieb?" Ich fühl's, es kann nicht an - ders sein; Uns  
2. Ich sa - ge nicht: "ich lie - be Dich," Du weisst es kann nicht an - ders sein; Doch

*a tempo.*

God has joined, 'twas his de - cree That made our lives to - geth - er flow; And  
with what depth and pi - e - ty That, God and I a - lone may know; A  
füg - e Gott! Er sel - ber schrieb ins ew - ge - Buch der Lieb' uns ein. Drum  
wie ich Dein so in - nig - lich, das weiss nur Gott und ich al - lein. Ein

that is why my heart is light and gay When - ev - er thou, my love, art nigh; I  
si - lent glance may oft the heart be - tray; Tell more than ev - er word or sigh; Such  
fühl' ich stets die glei - che Her - zens - freud; Zu je - der Stund' wo Du mir nah. Mir  
stum - mer Blick der höch - sten So - lig - keit Sagt mehr als je durch's Wort ge - schah; Der

Published by AMERICAN MELODY CO., New York.

feel such bliss as tho' 'twere but to - day, Thy beau - ty gladden'd first mine  
glance as I on thee be - stow'd that day, Thy beau - ty gladden'd first mine  
ist so won - nig ganz, als sei's erst heut, Dass ich zum er - sten Mal Dich  
Blick, mit dem ich einst mich Dir ge - weicht, Als ich zum er - sten Mal Dich

eye:..... I feel such bliss as tho' 'twere but to - day, Thy  
eye:..... Such glance as I on thee be - stow'd that day, Thy  
sah:..... Mir ist so won - nig ganz, als sei's erst heut, Dass  
sah:..... Der Blick, mit dem ich einst mich Dir ge - weicht, Als

beau - ty gladden'd first mine eye:.....  
beau - ty gladden'd first mine eye:.....  
ich zum er - sten Mal Dich sah:.....  
ich zum er - sten Mal Dich sah:.....

*pp* *rit.*

I ASK THEE NOT

**Kenyon \$15 Men's Suits**

When you seek economy, ask your merchant to show you this \$15 Suit. Compare it with one that costs \$25, and see wherein lies the difference. It does not lie in the wearing qualities, surely not in the style and fit. The great difference is one of price, caused by more than one reason—made in the largest factories of their kind in the world.

**C. Kenyon Co., 23 Union Sq., N.Y.**

## SPARING HER NERVES.

An Extremely and Careful Considerate Visitor Tells What Happened to Her Timid Friend.

The mistakes which were plentifully sprinkled along Mrs. Comer's career were never regretted by any one more than by Mrs. Comer herself. "I used the very best judgment I had," she said, referring to one unfortunate occurrence, "but, as usual, everything went wrong."

"You see, I went to Greenville in the morning with Mrs. Hobart, intending to go on to Nashua, but I changed my mind when the weather turned cool and spent the day with Anna Woods, going home at dusk. I'd forgotten my little bag with my key in it, so I went right over to Mrs. Hobart's."

"She'd gone down the road to Mrs. Cole's, but I found her key behind the left hand blind and went right in. 'The house was dark, but I said to myself, I won't light a lamp for fear of scaring her, a timid woman, living all alone, as she does.' So I sat in the dark till I heard her coming up the walk."

"When she found the door was unlocked she gave a kind of a gasp, so I stepped forward and then, long as I had a cold so my voice didn't sound natural and I was afraid I would scare her, she being so timid, I put out my hand and laid it on her arm."

"And, if you'll believe me," finished Mrs. Comer plaintively, "she fell right over in a faint and cut her forehead on the edge of the rocking chair, and I thought I'd never bring her to!"

"There's no use trying to be careful with a woman like her."—Youth's Companion.

## CIRCUS CHILDREN.

The Making of Acrobats Begins at an Early Age.

It is nothing unusual for the larger circuses to carry thirty and forty children, ranging all the way from mere babies to boys and girls of fifteen and sixteen years of age. The majority are traveling with their parents, both the father and mother doing daily duty in the ring, and while often they are trained to follow in the steps of their elders they are seldom allowed to perform in public.

It is a common belief among circus men that the performer whose training is not started until after the age of six will seldom make a distinctive record. Following the afternoon show I often saw groups of boys, some of whom could not have been over four and five years old, practicing rudimentary somersaults and hand springs, while their parents looked on with a gratified smile. These were the families of the circus aristocracy, who treasure the

records of their ancestors with the pride of a son in his father's sword and who see no more inspiring calling for their own children than that of the great white canvas.

Not that their education is neglected in other respects. Several of the families often hire an instructor—perhaps one of the performers who has the time and ability for such work—to coach their children in the standard studies. One circus has a traveling school for the youngsters. If they are to be acrobats, they are to be educated acrobats.—Bohemian Magazine.

## A Sponge That Works.

"Here is a clever notion—a fog bell," said an old New England fisherman.

On a bleak, gray afternoon they stood at the seashore—the old man and his city cousin from Boston. A great bell hung from a scaffold, and under a metal cover hung a great sponge.

"This here machinery is wound up regular," the fisherman explained, "and this here sponge is kept under cover so as the rain can't get at it. In dry weather, natch'ally, the sponge is dry and light; in foggy, though, it gets heavy with fog catch'rations, just heavy enough for to press down the lever that starts the machinery a-going. Then, ding-dong, ding-dong, sounds the bell in the fog, savin' many a fisherman from wreck on this rock bound coast."—Exchange.

## Where to Purchase the Bee.

The "Washington Bee" is on sale at the following named places:

Dr. A. S. Gray, 12th and You Sts. N. W.  
Drs. Board and McGuire, 1912 1-2 14th Street, N. W.  
E. Throckmorton, 1500 14th Street N. W.  
Dr. Walter C. Simmons, 1000 20th Street N. W.  
Dr. William Davis, 11th and You Streets N. W.

Send in your subscription at once for The "Bee" 2507 P Street, agency.  
Dr. Singleton's drug store, 20th and E Street N. W.  
Joseph Davis, 1020 U Street N. W.  
Steel's Dairy Lunch Room, 1900 L Street N. W.

Southwest.  
Charles E. Smith, 312 G St. S. W.

Out of town agents:  
E. D. Burts, 2636 State Street, Chicago, Ill.  
H. Gray, 1233 Pine Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
Robert S. Lawrence, 417 1-2 King Street, Charleston, S. C.  
James Allen, 1023 Texas Avenue, Shreveport, La.  
Alphesius Conley, 7 Potter Street, Buffalo, N. Y.  
Young & Olds, 1519 South Street, Philadelphia, Pa.  
W. H. Robinson, 406 South 11th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Read The Bee.

**WANTED—A RIDER AGENT IN BRIGHTON**

Simple Letter Model "Bicycle" for sale. Our agents everywhere are making money for you. If you are a bicycle enthusiast and would like to make money for yourself, we will give you a bicycle for your services. We will also give you a bicycle for your services. We will also give you a bicycle for your services.

**8.50 HEDGETHORN PUNCTURE-PROOF SELF-HEALING TIRES A SAMPLE PAIR TO INTRODUCE, ONLY 4.80**

The regular retail price of these tires is \$12.50 per pair, but to introduce the new tires we will sell them at a special price of \$8.50 per pair. This is a great opportunity for you to get a pair of these tires for only \$4.80. The regular price of these tires is \$12.50 per pair, but to introduce the new tires we will sell them at a special price of \$8.50 per pair.

**J. L. MEAD CYCLE COMPANY, CHICAGO, ILL.**

**W.B. Reduso CORSETS**

THE W. B. Reduso Corset brings well-developed figures into graceful, slender lines. It reduces the hips and abdomen from one to five inches.

Simple in construction, the Reduso—unhampered by straps or cumbersome attachments of any sort, transforms the figure completely.

Fabrics are staunch woven, durable materials, designed to meet the demand of strain and long wear. There are several styles to suit the requirements of all stout figures.

**Style 770 (as pictured)** medium high bust, long over hips and abdomen. Made of durable coutil or batiste, with lace and ribbon trimming. Three pairs hose supporters. Sizes 19 to 36. Price \$3.00.

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# BLIND MAN CLIMBS STATUE HAD TO MAKE CONFESSION A CAT AND DOG SKIRMISH

Goos to Top of Liberty Monument and Is Told of Lights He Cannot See.

Coming over from the Statue of Liberty in New York harbor, a passenger fell into conversation with a blind man who boasted that he had climbed to the top of the statue.

"It was a pretty good pull," he said, "but I have done better. Bunker Hill monument tired me a lot more, and the Washington monument in Baltimore was something of a clip; but the climb that pretty near tuckered me out was coming down the monument in Washington. Maybe you can't call that climbing, since it was walking down instead of up, but for a man who can't see the coming down from these high places is always harder than going up."

"Everybody you meet on top of a tower is mighty good to a blind man. They point out the bay on this side, the river up yonder, the islands to the front and the tip end of the city over there. While I was doing Liberty statue a shipload of immigrants passed within halting distance. I couldn't see them, but a woman told me all about them, how they were all packed together in the bow of the ship for their first glimpse of the city and everything. I suppose some folks wonder why a man without eyes is so anxious to climb 400 or 500 feet to the top of a place that is noted for its view, but the charm is not all lost, and anyhow I've got the satisfaction of saying I've been there."

## WHERE THEY LEFT MARGARET

Reckless Chauffeur Who Was Tardily Informed of the Loss of One of His Passengers.

"Speaking of automobile speeding," said a man who drives his own car, "I heard a good one the other day. A young Irishman who, having left home and made a lot of money, was visited by his two married sisters, neither of whom had ever ridden in an automobile. So, he planned for them a trip in his automobile, thinking they would enjoy both the novelty of the ride and the city sights. With a view to a little fun at his sisters' expense, he told the chauffeur to 'let 'er out' as much as was consistent with safety, at the same time warning the sisters that they shouldn't speak to the chauffeur as he was a very nervous man and mustn't be disturbed when he was driving a car. "Everything was quiet in the tonneau while the driver was rushing out into the suburbs and through the parks. Sometimes it was on four wheels and sometimes on two, but there was no protest. He had entered into the spirit of the affair, and he made up his mind he would make those women cry 'enough.' So he picked out some rough going and humped the bumps for a half hour. Finally the younger sister leaned forward and touched him timidly on the shoulder.

"Excuse me," she said trembling, "I know I ought not to speak to you, but I thought I ought to say that we left Margaret some ten minutes back."—Columbus Dispatch.

## Feminine Nature of Crowds.

Crowds are everywhere distinguished by feminine characteristics, not always revealing the best instincts which are associated with the nature of woman but this crowd was remarkable for its kindly tolerance, womanly tenderness and consideration for the woman and children and for those who were overcome by the long hours of waiting and the sufferings of the heat and thirst. So much attention has been paid to the criminal actions of crowds that the influence they exert has come to be looked upon as necessarily demoralizing. History has many instances of the heroism of crowds; it is by witnessing the disinterested unselfishness of such a crowd as this that one can hope to realize in some measure the devotion and self-sacrifice of which collectivities are capable.

## Remarkable Tyrolean Dance.

A student of the Tyrol and Tyrolean people describes a remarkable dance in which the male dancers beat time on the ceiling with their feet.

"In Brandenburg and one or two other Tyrolean valleys which boast of a particularly muscular fair sex," says the writer, "the girl at the conclusion of her swain's fantastical jumps catches hold of him by his braces and holds him up in the air. He of course helps by jerking himself upward when she lifts, and then, balancing with his hands on her shoulders, he treats the ceiling of the low room to the tune of the music and she continues to dance around on the floor of the room. Such dances are rapidly falling into disuse, and it is almost impossible for the ordinary tourist to witness one nowadays."

## Use of the Hardy Ferns.

Graceful effects may be developed in foregrounds, in drives through glades, and in many other positions, by the bold use of the larger hardy ferns. Few people seem to give much attention to hardy ferns, and in most gardens, if there are any at all, they are usually planted in some out of the way spot where no one sees them.

Rarely do we find them well grown or an important item in the garden picture. The bold and handsome ferns of our own and other countries deserve something better than to be condemned to a miserable existence among a lot of decaying roots, which the conventional idea always associated with them.—Garden Illustrated.

Not Only That But It Cost Hubby a Good Many Dollars to Square Himself.

"George," she asked, "why did you tell that man you were talking to over the telephone a moment ago that you envied him?"

"I don't remember. Did I say I envied him?"

"Yes, you did, and you said it as if you meant it. Who was he?"

"Oh, it was a fellow I met at the athletic club the other night. His name is Robinson."

"What were you talking about so long?"

"Nothing very important. He merely wanted to see me at lunch time tomorrow."

"And he didn't say why he wanted to see you?"

"No; I think he wants me to support him for some office."

"Oh, he is a politician?"

"No, no; I believe he intends to run for some office in the club."

"Was that why you said you envied him?"

"Certainly not. I don't want to run for any office. I haven't time for that sort of thing."

"Well, how can he take the time for it?"

"You see, he has no family. He isn't married."

"How long have you known him?"

"Just met him yesterday."

"And did you ask him then if he had a wife?"

"No; he told me just now when we were talking over the wire that he was not married."

"And you said you envied him!"

"Yes—I mean no, no, Josephine—honestly I never—come, dearest, you don't think I'd—o, well, confound it, if you insist on quarreling, what's the use of denying it?"

Nevertheless she received permission the next day to buy the \$38 leg-horn hat that had pleased her fancy.—Chicago Record-Herald.

## AN AMBUSH FOR WASPS

Special Fondness of the Queens for Rhododendrons Leads to Their Death.

A curiosity in natural history that must surpass all records has been observed in a garden not far from Aldershot, says the London Daily Mail. A number of wasps were heard buzzing about a particular rhododendron bush. The gardener summoned the owner of the garden, and the two proceeded to slaughter. Within half an hour fifty queen wasps had been killed.

The next day a number more were buzzing about the bush under the same fatal but obscure attraction. It was noticed that the wasps were only attracted to this single bush, which is one of many. A suggested reason is that the flowers were a little further advanced and so more full of honey, but as a rule color is almost as strong an allurements as scent or the honey scent.

It is not unusual for a few queen wasps to be killed at this season, when the time for nest making is approaching, but this quantity is unparalleled. The experience suggests that the wasp might be exterminated, supposing this to be desirable, if we all grew specimens of this favored flower. The special fondness of queen wasps for white flowers of particular sorts has been observed before, and some gardeners grow such on purpose, but fifty in half an hour is a new record of slaughter.

The queens were killed by pinching the flowers into which they dived and which served as a shroud to the quantity of bodies lying around the deadly ambush of the rhododendron.

## The World's Best Runners.

The best runners in the world are said to be a race of Indians living near the Gulf of California. They are known as Seris, and number only some 400. In the open country the women and children catch hares by hand without any artificial aid whatever. The men, however, look upon this as child's play, and themselves attack and capture antelopes, deer and wild buffalo. The swiftest horse cannot outrun these fleet-footed Indians, who perform on foot the same feats as the cowboy on his broncho.

A boy can be seen driving horses round and round in an inclosed track, and when they have got up a good speed one of the barriers is removed and a horse dashes into the prairie at full speed. It has not gone 120 yards before the Indian has caught up with it; another 60 yards and he has bounded on its back, seized its mane with one hand and its nostrils with the other and thrown it to the ground.

## In Demand.

"I am opposed to social distinctions of every sort!" said the emphatic woman.

"But," protested Mrs. Crosslots. "A line must be drawn. Suppose you succeeded in getting a good cook. You couldn't keep her a week if you introduced her to your friends."

## A Great Obstacle.

Land Agent—Water, you know, is king of the desert.

Alcohol Al—Then, podner, thar ain't no use o' my buyin' that lot to put up a booze 'flat t' benefit th' boys.

## His Revenge.

"You shouldn't have proposed to me," she said gently. "You might have known I'd refuse you."

"I did know," he said savagely, "or I wouldn't have proposed."—Baltimore American.

In Which the Cunning and Resourceful Cat Won by Superior Strategic Ability.

"I never fancied cats very much," said a limited lover of nature, "but certainly the cat is a fairly courageous animal and more than ordinarily shifty and resourceful, and so it's quite likely to be able to hold its own against an enemy much larger and more powerful than itself."

"Here was a yellow cat moving at a walk leisurely across the street while at the same time there was coming along this block a dog. When the dog saw the cat it started for it as fast as it could go, and when the cat saw the dog it turned on full power at once and fairly jumped to clear the remaining space to the other side of the street, where it halted with its back against a tall iron picket fence and faced the dog."

"Instantly the dog jumped for the cat, but even more quickly up went the cat's paw to sweep the air downward, and a cat's claws are very sharp and a dog's nose is very tender and delicate, and the dog didn't close. In a moment he jumped for the cat again, but again the cat clawed him off, or the fear of the claws was enough to make the dog shy again."

"But the next time evidently the dog was going to close in and rough house things and take the chances; and do you know what the cat did now? The cat is a very compressible creature; it can get through a very small space; and now this particular yellow cat backed in between two of those iron pickets to the inner side of the fence; but it didn't run away. It stayed right there, close to the inner side of the fence, which the dog couldn't get through, and when the dog came up for that last time the cat struck at it again through the fence with that swift, silent sweep of its paw, swung this time, as it seemed, with a sort of savagely cool contemptuousness. Then the foolish dog ran away."

"We may not fancy the cat, but we should err if we failed to give it at least some measure of admiration for the shifty ability with which it holds its own against its natural enemy."

## "HAPPY THOUGH MARRIED"

Wives No Longer Mope at Home While Husband Spends His Time at the Club.

If wives continue to grow sensible at the present rate, the time will come when everybody will know "how to be happy, though married." Time was when the picture of the wife moping at home, while the husband took his night off at the club, was a true one. It isn't so these days, a writer declares.

When the modern husband says to the modern wife, "My dear, I'm going to dine at the club Thursday night; I may be rather late," the modern wife says cheerfully, "Very well, dear," and sits down to invite invitations to a dozen or so of her friends for a nice little hen party for Thursday night.

And there's just as good a time at the hen party as the husband is having at the club, too. There is a perfect little dinner of the most expensive delicacies of the season, and then there is bridge. And who worries about what her husband is doing at the club when there is bridge to be played? Not the modern wife.

They play for stakes at these hen parties, too. In fact, all the comforts of the club, to change an old saying a little, are fast being appropriated by these poor deserted wives.

## Chrysanthemums.

Chrysanthemums stand fourth in commercial importance among flowers. Only the rose, the violet and the carnation surpass them, and that chiefly because the chrysanthemum season is so short, while the others can be had from the florist nearly the whole year round. Greece gave us the name. Chrysanthemum means "golden flower." But the name was invented long before the big butter yellow globes were known in the occident. It referred to the prevailing gold in the small varieties that were known. Strangely enough, the first chrysanthemum brought into Europe was not gold, but purple. It was a small flower about two inches across, shaped like an aster. Somebody took it to Europe from China in 1790—and, presto, the modern history of chrysanthemums was begun.—Argonaut.

## Real Reading.

In anything fit to be called by the name of reading, the process itself should be absorbing and voluptuous; we should gloat over a book, be rapt clean out of ourselves, and rise from the perusal, our mind filled with the busiest, kaleidoscopic dance of images, incapable of sleep, or of continuous thought. The words, if the book be eloquent, should run thenceforward in our ears like the noise of breakers, and the story, if it be a story, repeat itself in a thousand colored pictures to the eye.—Robert Louis Stevenson.

## Training Speaking Voice.

Listen to your own voice and try to hear how it sounds. Say a few words and listen. If you are not pleased, try again. Take the most melodious voice you know for a model and try to imitate the intonation or manner of speaking. It is the intonation that betrays the cultivated person more than the beauty of the voice itself, but quality will follow when the voice is properly supported by the breath and not forced.



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The President has signed several proclamations eliminating nearly half a million acres of land from the national forests, adding a little more than 100,000 acres to the reserves.

The fourteenth annual meeting of the Hampton Negro Conference will take place at Hampton Institute, Va., July 13th and 14th.

The twenty-fifth anniversary services of the establishment of the Salvation Army in this city were held in the various churches last Sunday.

## READ THE BEE



Before You Purchase Any Other Write THE NEW HOME SEWING MACHINE COMPANY CHICAGO, ILL.  
Many Sewing Machines are made to sell regardless of quality, but the "New Home" is made with quality. Our machines never run out. We make Sewing Machines to suit all conditions of the house. The "New Home" stands at the head of all high-grade family sewing machines. Sold by authorized dealers only.

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## DOM

There are many colored families who are living in crowded houses on small plots of land in towns or cities who want real freedom and real opportunity for themselves and for their children. It is very difficult to rear children in a crowded town or city. The place to rear children is in the country.

In Macon County, Alabama, the colored people have a rare and exceptional opportunity. This is the county in which The Tuskegee Normal and Industrial Institute is located. There is plenty of good land for sale on easy terms. There is a good schoolhouse, and the school term lasting from seven to eight months in every part of the county. The white people in Macon County are of the very best class. There is no disorder or racial trouble. We advise colored people who are now living in crowded towns or cities, in the North or in the South, and especially those who have children to raise to come to Macon County and buy a home where they can get plenty of land to cultivate and rear their families in the county free from the temptations of the cities and towns.

For further information write or Clinton J. Calloway, Real Estate agent.



**SICK AND ACCIDENT INSURANCE UP TO \$25.00 PER WEEK**  
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AMERICAN HOME LIFE INSURANCE CO.,  
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## WORTH ADVERTISING FOR

There are 5,499 Negroes employed here in Washington by the Government alone, and these 5,499 Negroes draw salaries aggregating \$3,044,404. These more than three millions of dollars are spent right here in Washington, but scattered among the hundreds of tradesmen. Is this amount of money worth bidding for? It certainly is, and not even the largest stores in this city would refuse to get the big end of it did they but realize how much money the Negroes are really spending.

Now The Bee is the only Negro publication in this city. It stands without a rival or competitor, and covers the field like a few of the merchants in this city will patronize the advertising columns of The Bee, presenting the attractive bargains they may have, these Negroes—these 5,499 Negroes who draw annually from the Government over three millions of dollars—will assume that by patronizing a publication edited and operated by one of their race that such firms desire and deserve their patronage. And such firms will receive the bulk of these over three millions of dollars received and spent by the Negroes of Washington.

What clothing stores, what furniture stores, what dry goods stores and what other lines of business will now make an effort to direct to themselves these over three millions of dollars spent by Washington Negroes by advertising in The Bee?

Place your advertising in The Bee and watch these 5,499 appreciative Negroes spend their over three millions of dollars with you.

Now is the time to advertise in The Bee, the newspaper that goes into every Negro home in Washington. Remember, merchants of Washington, it's what advertising pays you, not what it costs.

## MORE MONEY—RACE PROGRESS.

If colored people groom themselves daintily, destroy perspiration odors, remove grease shine from the face, and use our new discoveries for improving the skin and dressing the hair, they will be better received in the business world, make more money, and advance faster.

The Chemical Wonder Company of New York is the best business friend colored people have. It improves their bodies as Dr. Booker Washington improves their minds. That Company manufactures nine Chemical Wonders, which will make colored people as attractive as individual peculiarities will permit. Colored men in New York who use these Wonders hold better situations in banks, clubs and business houses, and women have better positions, marry better, get along better.

(1) Complexion Wonder Cream will light up any colored face (black or brown) every time it is used. To prove this on one trial, we send demonstration sample for 10 cents. Regular jar, 50 cents postpaid.

(2) Magneto-Metallic Comb, called Wonder Comb. Can be heated before using, to help straighten and dress the hair. Costs 50 cents, and will last a lifetime.

(3) Wonder Uncurl. When this pomade dressing is in the hair the kinks can be uncured and the hair becomes flexible. When heated into the scalp and through the hair with a Wonder Comb, any stiff, knotty hair will dress well. 50 cents postpaid.

(4) Wonder Hair Grow fertilizes the scalp and makes hair grow long, just as fertilizers in the soil make cornstalks grow. 50 cents postpaid.

(5) Odor Wonder Powder instantly destroys perspiration odor. People who neglect such chemical cleansing are obnoxious. 50 cents postpaid.

(6) Odor Wonder Liquid. This fine toilet water surrounds the body with delicate perfume. When used with used with Odor Wonder Powder the conditions of the body become perfect. If you can spare 50 cents extra, order this luxury. 50 cents postpaid.

(7) Wonder Foot Powder keeps the feet dainty. 50 cents, postpaid.

(8) Wonder Wash. A shampoo to clean from dandruff and insure the health of the hair and scalp. 50 cents postpaid.

(9) Shell Pink Creme will give light brown girls beautiful pink cheeks without made-up appearance. 50 cents postpaid.

We guarantee all these Wonders as represented.

We give advice free about hair, skin and scalp.

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We require one agent for every locality and guarantee you against loss. Only \$2 capital required.

Always write to M. B. Berges & Co., 2 Rector Street, New York. We market all the Chemical Wonder Company preparations.

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## PASSING OF THE BLACK ROSSIUS.

Mr. W. T. Vernon, Register of the Treasury, will retire from office sometime in February. His resignation has been tendered and accepted by the President. Mr. Vernon has made some mistakes, no doubt, but who is perfect in this life? The Bee will be fair towards him as it is towards all persons in public or private life. Does his retirement and the appointment of another colored man add anything to the colored race? Mr. Vernon would be a greater man than he is today, had he stood by his friends instead of putting the enemy upon the back, to the detriment of his friends who stood by him when it was an unpopular proposition. Who is to do him honor today? Those who have feasted at his table we know will not give him a reciprocal farewell. There was a jealous feeling against Mr. Vernon. Men in his own State, who have feasted at his table, and prayed in silence with him. That jealousy was personal, and to appease that thirst of revenge no opportunity passed his enemies to satisfy what has been accomplished—his removal from office. You may call it a resignation if you please, but it was a forced one. The school that he organized in Kansas is gone also. He held on to the registership too long. His retirement from public office may be regretted, so it may not be by those who have been seeking his scalp for a number of years or ever since his appointment. Mr. Vernon is not revengeful. He was more liberal toward those who fought him than they were toward him. He was always willing to forget and forgive. It is true that he opposed the present Governor of Kansas and Senator Bristo for his friend Senator Long. All men are honored and will receive their reward when they stand by their friends. It is ingratitude to betray or to oppose those who have stood by you. The success of treachery and of traitors are only momentary. His enemies may laugh and say at last Vernon, you go and your place will be filled by another.

If his removal is unjust, time alone will vindicate him. If his removal be just and proper, the passing of the black Rossius will be ancient history to posterity and his name will never again be seen upon the money that makes America the greatest country in the world.

Mr. Napier, of Tennessee, will succeed him, it is claimed. He is the son-in-law of the late John M. Langston. He has the reputation of being a banker and lawyer, and a polished gentleman. The Bee knows him well, and while it regrets the passing of the black Rossius, it tenders its congratulations to Mr. Napier, and wishes him success and perpetual happiness in his new field of labor.

## WE HAVE FRIENDS.

Why should the colored American despair? There are thousands of white people in this country who are forever willing and ready to give the colored man equal justice. All that the colored man has to do is to behave himself and let the more fortunate colored man—the preachers, especially—talk to the young colored man and woman of this generation and teach them to behave themselves. It is the young colored man of the rowdy and disorderly class that

is doing all the harm to those who believe in good government and in conducting themselves properly. Is it not shameful and disgusting to many when they board a street car to see the rowdy element misbehave? This class doesn't seem to realize the predicament they are putting the well-behaved colored people in. It is embarrassing to see this class, right out of the ditch, the gutter and other filthy places get upon a street car and make for the very best seats in the car, with filthy and dirty clothing on. These are the conditions the well-behaved and respectable people of all races must confront. What do we see? Men and women intoxicated; with arms around each other. Some of them asleep, drunk and disorderly. We have friends when we know how to act in the presence of our friends, and when our friends hear our enemies speak well of us. For these reasons we have "Jim Crow" cars, theaters and other "Jim Crow" institutions. The way to succeed is to deport ourselves in an orderly manner. No white man—or high-class cultured white man—or woman will attempt to disgrace respectability. The day will come when this class of people will discriminate between the good and bad. When we enter a car or a public place, see to it that you act like human beings and not like heathens. We have friends and can hold them if we will.

Our children in our schools should be taught good manners. This can only be done when we have a proper head. The white man knows the weakness of the race, and it is necessary to have a strong head to force discipline. Let there be a change in the school head and conditions will be better. The colored schools need a friend at their head.

## NEGRO LEADER AND POLITICIAN.

The Negro politician is no more. At the Executive Mansion he is "persona non grata." His advice is not asked by the counsels of the party to which he is identified. In States where he claims to hold the balance of power he is a political nonentity. Where, then, does the Negro politician stand? The white man selects the Negro he wants to fill a public office, whether he is acceptable to the masses or not. That is what makes so many Negro office holders objectionable to the masses. The time has now come in the ranks of the masses for them to select their own representatives and honest men to represent them. Negro politicians, like so-called Negro leaders, are beings of the past. The masses have had enough of this so-called Negro leadership and quasi politician. They know that they have never accomplished anything but to betray them to the white man and have themselves cared for. To-day there seems to be a new select kind of leadership springing up. Men are being appointed to office who neither represent themselves nor anybody else. The Negro politician has not enough influence to secure a spittoon washer's place for his alleged constituents. Why does the white man think that the Negro he appoints to office has power or force enough to lead the masses? The Bee believes that a new leadership composed of men with force and influence will do more to unite the masses than those who are appointed by the white man. It is a mistaken idea the white man has that offices make leaders. There are thousands of colored men today who don't want office; and there are thousands who have been walking the streets from administration to administration waiting and wishing for an office. Today the Negro politician is a back number. Give us a new leadership of men and not pigmies and politicians indeed and in fact.

## NEGRO SEGREGATION.

Is the colored American growing too fast for the poor white man? The West branch of the City Council of Baltimore, Md., wants the colored people in that city to be segregated. The white opened his new moving picture shows and gave orders for the colored man to remain out. To some extent the colored man obeyed, and opened moving picture shows and theaters of his own. There are a few back number colored people who are not happy or contented if they are not walking behind the white man or pushing his wife's baby carriage. The white man got his automobiles and sight-seeing cars, and forbid the colored man from riding in them. The colored people

have their own automobiles and sight-seeing cars. The white not being satisfied, he said that he will fly in the air. The colored man is getting ready to fly in the air also. To get even with the colored man, the white man now declares that the colored man shall live in another section of the city. The colored man doesn't care what part of the city you send him as long as you will let him live, and there is one thing certain: when this class of white people die and go to hades they will go where they will find no automobiles, air ships, or separate sections, but if they can find a cooling place in the stomach of a colored thug, bum, or thief there they will certainly make for it.

The Bee is always happy and contented, because it knows the day is not far off when the white man will be convinced that he has been a fool.

## HON. C. B. SLEMP.

One of the best friends to all classes of American citizens in the United States is the Hon. C. B. Slemp, of the Ninth Congressional district of the State of Virginia. This young man, although he may not have such a lengthy record as many statesmen in this country and the State of Virginia, has secured for the people of his district and State more than any Representative from the State of Virginia. In the appointment of men to office, Mr. Slemp has always considered the fitness of the applicant and his fidelity to the government and the party he represents.

He is not vindictive towards his enemies, because he is a Christian man. He has risen from a page in the House of Delegates of Virginia, in which capacity he soon learned the rules and laws of government.

While pursuing his work as a page he never lost an opportunity to study, as his record will show. He graduated from the Virginia Military Institute, taking the highest honors, which is an evidence of his fitness.

Nation is proud of him, the Nation honors him, and certainly such a valuable man, if not elected, would be a loss to our National Congress. Virginia would lose much if he is not returned, and it is the firm belief of The Bee that the Ninth Congressional district of the State of Virginia will honor the State by returning to the National House of Congress this Christian, patriot, scholar and, indeed, one of the noblest Romans of them all.

## ASSESSOR RICHARDS.

Mr. W. P. Richards, the Assessor for the District of Columbia, is no doubt one of the fairest and most honest men in our local government. He is the Chairman ex-officio of the Excise Board, and the men connected with that Board are well-known business men, against whom nothing can be said, and no honest man will say anything derogatory of them. Mr. Richards is a business man of high moral character. He does not believe in doing a wrong to his fellow-citizens. He, as well as other members of the Excise Board, would rather help a citizen than to injure him.

The people know Mr. Richards. The Commissioners know him to be a man above reproach. The Bee is confident that the people have faith in him, and they are also confident that the assessor's office is placed upon a higher basis than it has ever been.

There is a uniform system of handling the business. His assistant, Mr. Adams, is an able and bright young man who has the respect of the Commissioners and all who know him. He is an affable gentleman and very businesslike. Mr. Richards has in Mr. Adams a strong and able assistant.

## SUBTERFUGE.

Because a few persons in Deanwood, D. C., want, as it is reported, Mr. Cardoza retained, does that justify the transfer and demotion of Miss Kinner? Because a few irresponsible people say let Miss Kinner remain where she is, does that justify her demotion when her marking is away above? The citizens of Deanwood, that is, the reliable and responsible citizens, mean what they say. There are irresponsible people who will endorse anything that is wrong, and no matter who is affected by it. Miss Kinner is from poor but respectable parentage. She may not have the influence behind her as the assistant colored superintendent of schools, but she has the respect and confidence of the people, who intend to see that she is righted and Roscoe C. Bruce is removed from the superintendent-

cy of the colored schools. It is said that the undertaking is a job, but The Bee has never seen a job too big for it to perform. The Bee is confident that Congress will not tolerate an injustice to the people, and when the investigation by that body is ordered there will be something doing.

## THE BEE'S NEW FEATURE.

The Bee, in its last issue, began a new feature, a department under the head of "Public Men and Things." The Bee is not responsible for what will be written for this department. The writer will be a free lance. He may and may not be in harmony with The Bee's editorials. He will criticize and praise according to his particular view of persons or things. The Bee guarantees that the department will always be interesting and readable, both to men and women. One of the brightest Washingtonians will conduct this department. While occasionally he may be inclined to criticize, he will never roast or defame. The Bee will introduce other features soon, thus maintaining its reputation as Washington's only real colored newspaper.

## THE PEOPLE MEET.

Full particulars of the mass meeting that was held last evening at True Reformers Hall will appear in The Bee next week. In the meantime another meeting will be held in West Washington next Friday night.

## PASSED.

The Teacher, edited by Mr. R. C. Bruce, has passed in its checks and will be no more. The teachers refused to support his personal organ. Now let Bruce pass with his magazine.

The Republican administration has added one more appointment to its list of colored men.

## 14,397 ON U. S. PAY ROLL.

(Continued from page 1.)

a plank which stands squarely and unequivocally for all the civil and political rights of the Afro-American people."

The campaign book then cites the various resolutions introduced in recent sessions of Congress providing for the repeal of the Fourteenth and Fifteenth amendments.

## Where They are Employed.

The Republicans, in an effort to emphasize their employment of the Negro, say:

"The Library of Congress is one of the great libraries of the world. One of the assistants, Daniel Murray, has spent several years in research among the books of the library, and has been able to identify approximately 6,000 titles of work by colored authors. To many who are wont to belittle the literary capacity of the race, this will prove astounding information. Colored composers have written more than 3,000 musical compositions. There are 48 Afro-American employees, 23 of whom are employed under the direct supervision of the Librarian of Congress, and 25 are under the superintendent of the building. The aggregate paid them is \$34,000.

"One of the most expert examiners of the Patent Office is an Afro-American, Henry E. Baker, of Mississippi, who draws \$2,100 a year. He has been an examiner 22 years. He has recently made a research of the office and has been able to trace more than 1,000 patents granted to Afro-Americans. There are a number of high-grade Afro-American clerks in the office.

## 300 Negro Postmasters.

"There are 2,998 Afro-Americans serving the government under the Postoffice Department, and their annual salaries aggregate \$2,348,424. Among these are included postmasters, assistant postmasters, clerks, letter carriers, rural mail carriers, and railway mail clerks. There are nearly 300 Afro-American postmasters, some of whom have charge of Presidential offices.

"There are 512 Negroes in the Chicago postoffice, 21 in the Houston (Texas) office, 43 in the Jacksonville (Fla.) postoffice, 30 colored in the postoffice in Montgomery, Ala., and 12 in the St. Paul (Minn.) office.

"All of the letter carriers at the Muskogee (Okla.) postoffice are colored men. They draw salaries amounting to \$10,260 annually," says the campaign book. "Fourteen are employed in Kansas City, 15 in Columbus, Ohio.

"The total force of the Mobile (Ala.) postoffice consists of 33 clerks, 16 Afro-Americans and 17 whites," says the report. "The 32 carriers are all colored. The Afro-American employees receive annually \$42,400.

"James A. Cobb, appointed Assistant District Attorney for the District of Columbia, prepares cases for prosecution under the pure food law and has charge of forfeited bond cases.

"There are 15 Negroes in the Internal Revenue Service at Louisville, Ky.

"S. L. Williams, Special Assistant District Attorney at Chicago, has charge of the naturalization cases. Mr. Williams is a colored man," says the campaign book.

One more extract will be quoted from this remarkable chapter. It follows:

"There are 243 Afro-American officials and employees in the employ of the Federal government in the State of Louisiana, and their annual salaries aggregate \$228,662. They are

employed in the Customs Service, United States Mint, Postoffice Service, United States Land Office, United States Sub-Treasury, Internal Revenue Office, Railway Mail Service, Department of Justice and United States Immigration Bureau."

October 1, 1910.—Ex-Gov. P. B. F. Pinchback, the latest appointment from New York, \$2,000.

## DR. WASHINGTON

SEES LONDON.

Mr. John Burns Acts as Guide—What Impressed Him.  
(From the Daily Chronicle, London, England.)

"It was the happiest and most interesting day I have ever spent in my life."

In these words Dr. Booker T. Washington described his experiences in the company of Mr. John Burns yesterday. The mission which he brought Mr. Washington to Europe is one in which the President of the Local Government Board can afford him valuable assistance, so far as London is concerned. The condition of the people, problems of housing, wages and hours of work come within the scope of his inquiry, and it was with alacrity that Mr. Washington accepted the invitation to meet Mr. Burns at the offices of the Local Government Board.

"I was gratified to receive Mr. Burns' invitation," said Mr. Washington to a Daily Chronicle representative, because, in the first place, I was intensely interested in the man. I had read about him, but he is a bigger man than I thought. He is big in his simplicity. He took me to the place where he worked as a lad for a dollar a week, Price's Candle Factory. It is a big jump from that to President of the Local Government Board, at \$25,000 a year, and sometimes, when a man rises from the class he was born into, and gets into a high and important position, there is a feeling of jealousy amongst the people he lived and worked amongst in his days of struggle.

"I was intensely interested to note, however, that nothing of that feeling was shown wherever we went. We got to the candle factory just as the men were leaving for the day, and several of them cheered him, and called out, 'Hullo, Johnnie.' I was glad to see that, and Mr. Burns was pleased; it showed a good spirit."

Battersea Park was visited, and Mr. Washington was much impressed with the rural charm of that great pleasure in the heart of London. Then he saw some of the poorer parts of Battersea, and also some model dwellings of the County Council.

"I wanted to see some of the work of housing reform, in which I understand Mr. Burns has been a leader," said Mr. Washington. "What I saw was a revelation to me. I saw how the people were living in the poorer quarters, and how they lived under the new conditions. The change is marvelous. It is not only a change in the kind of houses the people live in, but in the lives of the people. You can see it in their faces, in their cheerful appearance. They seem a different class of people altogether; it is a wonderful instance of the effect of environment upon the lives of people. I could hardly have believed that housing reform could accomplish so much."

Before making his instructive trip with the President of the Local Government Board, Mr. Washington visited the Thames Police Court in company with Dr. Park and Mr. J. Harp, secretary of the Anti-Slavery and Aborigines Protection Society. Here again he learned much that was useful and interesting. Most of the prisoners were seafaring men, and the charges against them were those of the usual "drunk and disorderly" kind.

"What impressed me most," he said, "was the leniency of the magistrate. He was much more lenient than any judge would have been either in the North or in the Southern States in dealing with the same cases of offenses. In a great many cases he simply gave the offenders a little lecture and told them not to come before him again, or he would have to be more severe. In America they would have been fined or imprisoned."

In the evening Mr. Washington dined with the Haytian Minister. Today he will make another trip of investigation, and will leave for Scotland in the evening.

## "Uncle Tom's Cabin."

The announcement that this famous play is to appear is always welcome by the people of any community, be it a great city or a cross-roads town, for the story of Uncle Tom and little Eva is one that has perhaps never been equaled in a pathos and heart interest in the history of American literature. Since the great story that is admitted to have been one of the most potent causes of the civil war and the consequent liberation of the Southern slaves was first produced as a drama, it has been seen at one time or another by practically every American citizen, rich or poor, young or old, and yet to-day it is as popular, as largely patronized, and as interesting as it was when it made its first appearance. It is one of the very few plays that have appeared on the American stage that can be seen over and over again, and each time with increasing interest, for it is a drama that has its foundation in the heartstrings of suffering and appeals to the great and kindly heart of this mighty commonwealth of America.

## THE TEACHER.

The Teachers Will Boycott It.

The teachers in the public schools will no longer be subscribers to the Teacher, a school magazine known as the personal organ of Mr. R. C. Bruce. Only three teachers have renewed their subscription. If there is any attempt on the part of any one to coerce teachers to subscribe for the paper they will do The Bee a favor by sending their name to this office.

## Charles W. Anderson.

Mr. Charles W. Anderson, of New York, the Collector of the Port, is one man who stands high with ex-President Roosevelt.

## Public Men And Things

(By the Sage of the Potomac.)  
Col. Jim Lewis, he of the "touch-flesh" and "let's-kill-a-snake" fame, is still a familiar sight on our streets. The Colonel is here looking up a claim he has against the government, and which, in dollars and cents, would purchase several hogheads of snake-killer.

Principal E. C. Williams, of M Street High School, is one of the hardest-working school officials who ever located in this city of magnificent distances. He is a regular glutton for work, and is simply wrapped up in his duties. His eminent fairness and "no-favorite" method of performing his duties have made him a valued accession to our schools.

Hon. Emmett J. Scott, the secretary to the "Wizard of Tuskegee," spent Monday in the city en route East. He is still the modest, mild-mannered man of old. And there never was a more loyal man to his chief than this same Emmett Scott. Everybody likes Emmett, even those who differ with him on industrial education.

Dr. John R. Francis, the nestor of colored physicians in Washington, is one of the most retiring as well as one of the most capable of professional men. Dr. Francis' name is one to conjure with when you have in mind principle.

The passing of Dr. Vernon from the office of Register of the Treasury is to be regretted by his friends. Relinquishment of official preferment, however, is a debt that all office-holders must pay sooner or later. The Doctor came, saw and conquered, and will retire with the well wishes of all. He will catch on later to something "equally as good," though no doubt outside of politics, and again ride the crest of the wave of popularity.

In saying farewell to Dr. Vernon, all Washingtonians will, in the next breath, say, "Welcome, Napier." It is pleasing to know, if Dr. Vernon had to go, that he is to be succeeded by such a high-class, splendid gentleman as J. C. Napier is. Mr. Napier's succeeding to this place is an exemplification of the old adage, "All things come to him who waits." Mr. Napier has desired this office for many years, and the only one he has wanted, and in the meantime has refused several "just as good," preferring to wait for the real article.

A splendidly-equipped man succeeds a splendidly-equipped man in the office of Register.

## 3-BEE

They say no Recorder of Deeds ever more readily and more thoroughly grasped the duties of that office than Henry Lincoln Johnson, the present Recorder.

Mr. Johnson, being a lawyer, to start, had an advantage. All who have come in contact with Mr. Johnson in his office have joined in the chorus, "He will do."

However, if Mr. Johnson fails to land a few Negroes in minor positions, no matter what a splendid official he makes, why, watch for the anvil chorus—those little two-by-two vermin who infest Washington and prey on their superiors. However, let Mr. Johnson remember that the penalty one pays for greatness, but the knocks of the little honeybunches avail nothing.

## Ex-Gov. Pinchback Appointed.

Announcement was made Monday that ex-Gov. P. B. S. Pinchback had been selected by President Taft for a position in the internal revenue branch of the government service, at a salary of \$2,000 per annum. His duties will be in connection with the collecting of corporation taxes, and his headquarters will be in New York City. The selection of Gov. Pinchback will give general satisfaction.

## "The Cucumber."

A large and appreciative audience listened to Rev. L. C. Moore at the Mount Carmel Baptist Church last Sunday evening. His subject was "The Cucumber." Rev. Moore is certainly master of his subject, and is a speaker of rare ability. He will deliver the same address at the Alexandria Memorial Baptist Church, Georgetown, D. C., Sunday evening, Oct. 16, at 3 o'clock. Rev. Moore has written several poems, some of which are read by Mrs. Moore at their different lectures. If you wish to enjoy an evening, go and hear Rev. Moore.

The National Religious Training School, Durham, N. C., offers the following special courses:

I. Religious Training. This course is especially adapted to those who desire training as Settlement Workers, Deaconesses, Y. M. C. A. and Y. W. C. A. Secretaries, Evangelists and Home Visitors.

II. Training for the Christian Ministry. This Department will train young men especially in practical Theology, the art of reaching and saving men. This course will be very thorough. The teachers have been selected with great care.

III. Department of Music, vocal and instrumental.

IV. Literary Branches. Academic and Collegiate.

V. Commercial Department.

VI. Department of Industry. Young men and women to a limited number, who are worthy, will be helped. All applications for admission must be made by September 15, 1910.

Regular school term begins October 12, 1910.

For further information address President, National Religious Training School, Durham, N. C.

Laugh and the world laughs with you; weep and you will laugh with hundreds of others, in spite of yourself, if you witness the funny antics of Topsy and the side-splitting comic-isms of Marks, the lawyer, in Stetkies' double spectacular production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin" at the Howard Theater Monday, October 10.





## The Week in Society

Get your drugs, medicines and toilet articles at the Board & McGuire Pharmacy 1912 1-2 14th St. N. W. "The place where everybody meets everybody else."

Mr. Joseph H. Jones, who has been ill for several months, is able to be up and out again.

Mr. Robert A. Braxton wishes to announce the engagement of his daughter, Miss Theresa Bernadine Braxton, to Mr. Edward Hubbard, formerly of this city, but now of New York City, N. Y.

Mr. Paul Williams, of Hampton, Va., expects to spend the winter here.

Dr. William L. Tignor and wife were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. A. H. Henderson in Indianapolis, Ind.

Miss Helena Simonds has returned to her home in Bridgeport, Conn., after spending a very pleasant vacation here.

Miss Josephine Lee, who was the guest of Miss Bertha Jarvis, has returned to her home in Newport, R. I., much delighted with her visit.

On Friday evening, Sept. 30, delegates from 37 Councils of the Independent Order of St. Luke assembled at Plymouth Congregational Church to elect a district deputy and associate.

Mrs. Bessie B. Anderson, who had served so faithfully during the past year as district deputy, and Rev. A. C. Garner, through his faithful service as associate, were elected by unanimous vote.

The district deputy read her annual report before the election and was highly applauded. Rev. Garner, the associate, delivered many interesting remarks.

Mrs. Anderson was the recipient of many beautiful bouquets, a silver parasol with silver handle, and a brooch given by Patience Council, No. 564. Rev. Garner was the recipient of many flowers.

Mr. and Mrs. William Hawkins have returned to their home in Milwaukee, Wis. While in this city they were the guests of their son, Attorney William Hawkins.

Mr. George Rencher, of this city, was the guest of Mr. A. Chauman, of 161 Ira street, Atlanta, Ga.

Miss Ethel Edwards, of Atlantic City, N. J., is spending her vacation here.

Miss Bessie Quarles was the recent guest of Miss Alice Dorsey in Germantown, Pa.

Mrs. Mabel Madden and Mrs. Bertha Collins were the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Frank Williams in Philadelphia last week.

Mrs. George Jackson has returned to her home in Philadelphia after a pleasant visit to relatives and friends in this city and in Baltimore.

Mr. Edward Williams and sister and daughter, of this city, are visiting their brother, Mr. Armstead Williams, in Denton, Md.

Mrs. L. Peterson, of 2116 F street northwest, is visiting relatives and friends in New York City and Montclair, N. Y.

Miss Ida M. Jackson has returned to her home in Baltimore, Md., after a pleasant visit to this city.

Mr. Isaac Hathaway was the guest of Mr. and Mrs. Clarke L. Smith, of 511 West Paul street, in Baltimore, last week.

Mr. William Beamer, of Darby, Pa., arrived here Saturday to take a teacher's professional course.

Mrs. Julia A. Smith has returned to her home in Providence, R. I., after spending a delightful summer in this city with her daughter, Miss Ethel T. Robinson.

Messrs. Ballou, Snow, Dunlap, Le Count and Gross, of Providence, R. I., are students at Howard University.

Mr. Edward Chew, while en route to this city, stopped over in Providence, R. I., and was the guest of his aunt, Mrs. Ida LeCount.

Miss Irene Clarke, who has been visiting her sister, Miss St. Clair, in Reading, Pa., has returned to this city.

Miss A. J. Brown is visiting friends in Charleston, S. C.

Mrs. Nannie C. Goode, who has been visiting friends in Boynton, Va., is home again much delighted with her trip.

Read The Bee.

Mr. C. H. Lassiter, of Norfolk, Va., came to this city Thursday.

Mr. and Mrs. John Diggs, of Norfolk, Va., are visiting friends here.

Mrs. Loomer has returned to this city, in company with Miss Mabel Christian, of Littleton, N. C. They spent a few days in Norfolk, Va.

Mr. George T. Mallory, of Indianapolis, Ind., is spending the winter here.

Misses Mary and Josephine Hunter, of Springfield, Ohio, are students in the pedagogical department at Howard University.

Mrs. Helen Stovall is the guest of her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Daniel Lee, 129 1/2 West Walnut street, Indianapolis, Ind.

Mrs. Celia Maxey has returned to her home in Indianapolis, Ind., after a pleasant stay in Richmond, Va., and this city.

Miss Ruth Logan, of Tuskegee, Ala., is visiting friends here.

Mrs. Henry Lewis is visiting her niece, Mrs. Mollie B. Keelan, in Boston.

Miss Lois Nelson has returned to Mr. J. C. Waters is visiting friends in New York City. Before returning home he will visit Dr. Watts in Plainfield, N. J.

Richmond, Va., after spending a delightful stay in Philadelphia, Jersey City, New York and in this city.

Messrs. Earl Parks and Albert Lafayette, of Savannah, Ga., are students at Howard University.

Miss Nettie R. Bisard and Miss Lucile Lucas have returned to their home in Savannah, Ga., after spending a pleasant vacation in this city and Clayton, Ky.

Mrs. Eliza J. Mason is visiting Mrs. Lustrina Stephenson in Keysville, Va. On her return she will visit her brother, Mr. W. I. Johnson, at 207 North Folsom street, Richmond, Va.

Mr. Samuel Hall has returned to his home in Harrisburg, Pa., after spending a delightful stay in this city as the guest of Bishop and Mrs. J. W. Smith.

Mrs. Jennie Elliott spent a fortnight in Baltimore last week.

Mrs. Jennie Conner has enjoyed a delightful stay in Indianapolis, Ind., with relatives.

Mme. O. M. Mitchell and daughter are visiting friends in New York City. Mrs. Ada E. Brooks and Miss Gertrude Brooks were recent guests of Mr. Cabel Robinson, 543 West Lafayette street, Baltimore, Md.

Miss Daisy Critchison returned to the city Monday morning from New York City, where she has been visiting friends for a month.

Miss Josephine Sims has returned to this city after visiting relatives in Luray, Va.

Mrs. Sarah Trebno is visiting her daughter, Mrs. Martha Tutt, in Luray, Va.

Mr. C. S. Washington, of Chicago, Ill., is visiting his parents here for ten days.

Dr. J. Francis Dyer returned to the city last Saturday from Buffalo, N. Y., where he spent a very pleasant summer.

Mrs. J. H. Burnly, of Newport, R. I., is much pleased with her visit to this city.

Mrs. Cora Hawkins, who has been spending her vacation at Niagara Falls and other points, shall return home within a few days.

Miss Maud Stewart is visiting relatives in Cincinnati, Ohio.

After the 5 and 10 cent theatre, between the acts, and at all hours, ice cream soda is now all the rage, especially that snappy, cold, pure, delicious kind that is served at the drug store of Board & McGuire, 1912 1-2 14th St. N. W. It is made right, served right, tastes right, and is right.

West Washington Notes.

The Beehive Club, No. 9, of Ebenezer A. M. E. Church, gave a very delightful and successful entertainment Friday, Sept. 23, 1910, at the residence of Mrs. Aranna Ferguson, who is "Queen of the Hives."

The annual rally of the stewards of Mount Zion M. E. Church Sunday, Sept. 25, was very successful. Two hundred and fifty dollars was realized. Rev. D. W. Hayes preached a special

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sermon to the class at the evening services.

Mrs. Eleon McDaniels, of 2616 P street, was the recipient of triplets Monday. Mother, daughter and the two boys are doing well.

Mrs. Norah Porter Dingnid, of 718 23d street, and Miss Vivian Myers, of 521 21st street, left Saturday, Sept. 24, for an extended trip in Newburgh, N. Y.; New York City, and New Haven, Conn. They are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. George Hawkins in Newburgh, Mrs. Hawkins being the twin sister of Mrs. Dingnid. In New Haven they will be the guests of Mr. and Mrs. Cowers. Mrs. Cowers being a daughter of Rev. William Johnson, of Alexandria, Va. These two ladies are employees of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, and are exceptionally popular in social circles. Other places of interest and beauty taken in by them during their sojourn are Fish-kill-on-the-Hudson and West Point.

Misses Celestine Folk, Amanda Smoot and Fletcher Howell, Messrs. Furham Brooke, Ernest L. Pinn and Dr. C. F. T. Porter, spent last Sunday at Harper's Ferry, W. Va. They seemed very much impressed with the historic town. They visited Storer's College and John Brown's cave.

The Sunday school of the Mount Zion M. E. Church on Sunday, October 2, 1910, at 3 p. m., held their annual rally and song services, and a large number of the parents and friends of the school were entertained with an excellent program, and a large fund was raised for the Sunday school treasury.

The Senior Epworth League of the Mount Zion M. E. Church will resume its regular Sabbath afternoon meetings Sunday with a very interesting program.

The funeral of Mrs. Loretta N. Betters took place Monday from Mt. Zion M. E. Church, and was largely attended. Rev. D. W. Hayes officiated.

The death and burial of the Rev. Wright, of St. John's Episcopal Mission, on last Saturday, was a severe shock to the parishioners and friends of the deceased, who had recently built up a flourishing congregation. The services were conducted by the Right Bishop Harding and were largely attended.

The sudden death of Mr. Leon Wheeler, a very promising young man of this place, occurred last Tuesday morning. An account of his funeral will appear in our next issue.

Miss Mabel Turner has been assigned as substitute teacher in the kindergarten of the public schools, and it is the hope that this energetic and deserving young lady received a permanent appointment.

Subscriptions can be given for The Bee at our agent of the West End, 2507 P street northwest.

Fairmount Heights.

Last Friday evening there was a musicale given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. James F. Armstrong by the Misses Griffin and Mr. A. E. Briscoe, of Baltimore. Mr. Briscoe is a violinist of note. The Misses Griffin are daughters of the late Rev. John H. Griffin, D. D., one time pastor of Ebenezer M. E. Church, Washington. Miss Carrie Griffin is a pianist of rare ability and Misses Dora and Mary Griffin most pleasing singers. Mrs. L. E. Crouse and Miss Ethel Howard appeared on the program as soloists. Other guests present were Mr. and Mrs. J. F. Armstrong, Mr. W. S. Crouse, Mr. and Mrs. Fonville, Mr. M. King, Mr. Alfred Lewis and Miss Fauver, of Washington, D. C. Refreshments were served by Mrs. L. E. Crouse.

Rev. Grimpie, the pastor of the 18th Street Presbyterian Church, Washington, D. C., preached an instructive sermon at the First Presbyterian Church of Fairmount Heights Sunday, Oct. 2, at 4 o'clock. The choir, under the leadership of Mrs. I. C. Coles and Mr. Marshall, sang beautifully.

The First Baptist Church realized a handsome sum as the proceeds from an entertainment given at the home of Mr. and Mrs. Keadley.

The Sunday school of the M. E. Church donated the sum of \$8.50 to the trustees of the M. E. Church.

Miss Dora Griffin left last night for Atlanta, Ga., where she will resume her studies at Clark University.

At the New Howard Theater.

Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" is the mammoth double production of "Uncle Tom's Cabin," which will appear on Monday afternoon, October 10, at the daily matinees.

The rendition of Uncle Tom by this well-known and well-liked company will never grow old. This management evidently believes in the maxim, "What is worth doing is worth doing well." There runs through this grand story a pathos particularly touching and sweet. It speaks the universal story of the heart. It reflects like a mirror of the innermost phases of the human emotions. It is more than a play—it is a moral classic. It argues for two of the greatest themes that can engage the mind—human liberty and immortality of the soul. Notwithstanding the frequent production of this play, it is never produced in the sumptuous manner by other companies as it is in Stetson's. It is like meeting an old friend after a year's absence. In his theatric offering Manager Washburn has brought together all the requisites that go to make up a really great production, and one it will be a real loss to miss.

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Also: 24 Lincoln Ave. Rockaway Beach, Long Island.  
How to reach the hotel: Take any Rockaway Beach train to Hannels Station. Will open June 15 to Sept. 15. (Telephone Connection.)

**Crystal Springs, Maryland. WEST BERWYN.**

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**UNDER NEW NAME AND NEW MANAGEMENT**

The Northwest Undertakers' Company of 645 Florida Ave., N. W., is the successor to Wm. Grayson and Co., and is doing business at the same place under new name and management.

Mr. Alexander Henson, Jr., of Philadelphia, a well known embalmer and funeral director, with the latest Philadelphia methods has been secured as manager.

Mr. Henson has had an honorable and successful career in his profession and will introduce to the Washington the latest eastern methods of directing funerals and restoring life-like appearance, to departed friends. We bespeak for him large success in our city.

**Music.**

Miss Bessie Gibson, one of Washington's most talented and accomplished singers and musicians, is making a specialty of church and concert work. Private instructions in piano, voice and harmony, voice culture. Private studio, 2234 Sixth street northwest. For engagements call at 2234 Sixth street northwest.

**On the Sick List.**

Mr. Joseph H. Anderson was taken suddenly ill last Sunday morning at his residence on L street northwest. Dr. Edward Williston was called in and rendered relief.

Mr. James H. Hudnell is at his home quite ill.

Mr. and Mrs. D. E. Self and their son, H. D. Self, and Mr. A. J. Gaskins entertained Mrs. Zedrick, of Chicago, Ill., at breakfast Sunday morning at 11 o'clock at their residence, 1921 17th street northwest. The hostess is a cousin of Mr. A. J. Gaskins and Mrs. D. E. Self. Among those present were Mrs. Harry E. Gray, Mrs. Hattie Johnson and sister. After breakfast Mrs. Zedrick stopped at Buffalo, N. Y., en route to her home, Chicago, Ill.

**Ford Dabney.**

If you want a first-class vaudeville and moving picture show, don't fail to go to Ford Dabney, 9th and U streets northwest. It is an up-to-date theater where everybody goes and where you meet everybody. If you want to see them, go to Ford Dabney, 9th and U streets northwest; it is the place to visit. Polite ushers, first-class show, and the finest orchestra in the city. Music first-class.

# HOWARD THEATRE

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## THE KEY OF TEBALDO

Curious Messenger of Death Invented by an Italian.

### TRAGIC LEGEND OF VENICE.

Unique Weapon With Which the Man of Mystery and Murder Sought to Slay His Way to the Hand of the Woman He Loved.

The chronicles of Venice tell that in the earlier part of the seventeenth century a certain stranger, a man of dark and sinister aspect, arrived in the city. His name was Tebaldo. He appears to have been a man of unrelenting passions, of great intellectual power, but one whose talents found their chief outlet in crime.

One day he observed a beautiful girl leaving church, attended in a manner which showed she belonged to a family of high degree. She was, in fact, the daughter of an ancient and noble house. He fell violently in love with her. Though far removed from him in station, his blind passion took no count of this fact, and he determined to sue for her hand.

There proved to be, however, a more insuperable obstacle to his suit. The girl was already betrothed to another, a young nobleman of almost equal rank and fortune. The knowledge did not deter Tebaldo, who boldly presented himself before the girl's parents in the capacity of a suitor for her hand. As might have been expected, he met with a curt and unceremonious rebuff.

The repulse rankled in his mind. Enraged beyond measure, he shut himself up in his own house and there secretly studied a means of revenge. Profoundly skilled in the mechanical arts, he allowed himself no rest until he had invented a most formidable and death-dealing weapon. This was a large key, the handle of which was so constructed that it could be turned at will. When it was thus turned a secret spring was disclosed, which, on being pressed, launched from the key head a fine needle or lancet. The latter was of such delicate construction that it penetrated the body of the victim and buried itself deep in the flesh without leaving any external trace.

The marriage of the betrothed couple was fixed to take place in the principal church in Venice on a certain day. Before the ceremony Tebaldo, cunningly disguised, stationed himself at the church door armed with his diabolical weapon. As the bridegroom was about to enter the building the concealed watcher pressed the spring and sent the deadly steel lance into the breast of his victim. The young nobleman had no suspicion of injury at the moment. In the midst of the ceremony, however, he was seized with a sharp spasm of pain and sank fainting on the steps of the altar. He was hurriedly conveyed to his home, where the leading Venice physicians were summoned to attend him. In spite of their unremitting efforts he sank and died, nor were they able to discover the nature of the mysterious and fatal seizure.

With the removal of his rival, Tebaldo once more presented himself before the girl's parents and renewed his request for her hand. Their refusal to listen to him sealed their doom. In what manner he accomplished it is not known, but within a few days both had been done to death in the same sudden and mysterious fashion.

The exalted rank of the victims created a profound sensation, and when, on examination of the bodies, a fine steel instrument was found in the flesh there became universal. The citizens feared for their lives. The utmost vigilance was exercised on the part of the authorities, but as yet no suspicion fell upon Tebaldo. The bereaved girl retired to a convent, where she passed the first months of mourning in sorrowful seclusion. Tebaldo, however, sought her out in her retreat and begged to speak to her through the grating.

His dark, evil face had always been displeasing to her, but since the death of her betrothed and parents it had become repulsive. When, therefore, in the course of the interview he pressed her to fly with him he met with an instant and indignant refusal. Her scorn stung him to the quick. Beside himself with rage, he brought his deadly weapon once more into play and succeeded in wounding the girl through the grating, the obscurity of the place preventing his action from being observed.

On her return to her room the girl felt a sharp pain in her breast. Examination of the spot showed that it was dotted with a single drop of blood. Physicians were hastily summoned. Taught by past experience, they wasted no time in vain conjecture, but cut into the flesh and extracted the slender steel, thus saving the girl's life.

The dastardly attempt occasioned a public outcry. The visit of Tebaldo to the convent became known and caused suspicion to turn upon him. The emissaries of the law descended suddenly upon him, his house was searched, and there the abominable invention was discovered. Swift justice followed, and he ended his days upon the scaffold.

The key is still preserved in the arsenal at Venice.—Chambers' Journal.

#### Lovers' Quarrels.

Neil—A lovers' quarrel always reminds me of a crazy quilt. Belle—How's that? Neil—Always patched up.—Philadelphia Record.

Fortune is ever seen accompanying industry.—Goldsmith.

## THE BEY'S GUEST.

Admiral Dupetit-Thouars Was Ready For the Emergency and Conquered the African.

A show of force is often the best kind of diplomacy. A writer in the Paris Temps tells a story of the French admiral Dupetit-Thouars, who had been entrusted with the mission of exacting reparation from an African bey who had insulted a French consul. As Dupetit-Thouars' demands were supported by the forcible argument of loaded cannon, the bey acknowledged that he had been too hasty and proffered profuse apologies. He even invited the admiral to his table and had a sumptuous repast prepared for his guest.

The consul warned the admiral to be on his guard. "The bey is inclined to be malicious," said he, "and when he strokes his beard and smiles you may be sure that he is concocting some mischief." "We shall see," was Dupetit-Thouars' reply.

He reached the bey's palace, in good time. Profuse compliments and salutations were exchanged. All at once the admiral's foot hit some soft, hairy substance lying on the carpet under the table. He bent down and saw a huge lion showing his formidable teeth. The bey smiled and stroked his beard.

Dupetit-Thouars did not wince, but called his dragoman.

"My pistols," was all he said. The servant saluted, retired and brought back a pair of pistols on a silver tray. The admiral took them and placed them on the table before him. But the bey, still smiling, continued to stroke his patriarchal beard.

"Tell the commander," he said to the dragoman, "that if those pistols are for the purpose of blowing out my lion's brains they are quite insufficient and perfectly useless."

Then, like a skilled fencer countering his opponent's thrust, after the bey's ironical advice had been translated Dupetit-Thouars replied:

"Tell his highness that my pistols are not there to kill his lion, but to blow his own brains out at the first movement of this objectionable carpet."

Gravely, but a little pale, the man interpreted. The smile died away on the bey's lips, and he no longer stroked his beard.

"My lion," said he, "is too well trained even to scratch one of my guests, but since he is not wanted he shall be sent away."

At a word from the bey the lion slowly and heavily left the room, like an obedient dog.

#### No More Cradles.

"A cradle?" said the salesman. "Oh, no! You don't want a cradle." He smiled.

"First kid, ain't it?" "Yes," admitted the young father, frowning.

"I knew you weren't experienced, or you wouldn't ask for a cradle," said the salesman. "You see, they've gone altogether out. We don't sell two a year."

"Why did they go out?" "Because they're unhealthy, bad for the kid. They lower the temperature, hurt the heart and bring on nausea, colic, regular seasickness. It stands to reason that the violent rocking of a cradle can't be good for frail little baby any more than the violent rocking of a ship in a storm is good for the passengers. Moreover, they keep somebody busy rocking the baby to sleep. Now the baby goes to sleep of its own accord."—Philadelphia Bulletin.

#### Won With Whips.

According to Herodotus, while the Scythians were away on a long campaign their slaves took the opportunity to rebel and seize all their masters' property. The latter on their return promptly attacked them, but were continually defeated until at last one of them hit on the brilliant idea of attacking the slaves with whips only. That, he said, would remind them of their origin and so cow them that they would never dare to stand. The Scythians followed his counsel, and it fell out as he had predicted. When the slaves beheld their masters riding down upon them flourishing the terrible knotted whips they knew so well they threw down their arms and fled.

#### Roused His Suspicion.

A naval officer was speaking of the extortions of innkeepers in out of the way parts of the globe.

"In Montenegro once," he said, "I asked for my bill after having slept overnight at a certain inn, and as soon as the document was handed to me I took out my purse to settle it. I did not bother to verify the various items. What would have been the use?"

"But my readiness to pay amazed the landlord. He thought a moment, and then he said uneasily: 'Will you let me have another look at that bill, sir? I think I have omitted something.'"

#### Her Mouth Was Closed.

Jack—Miss Peachy started to say something about the impropriety of kissing the other evening, but she didn't finish. Tom—Why not? Jack—Because I took the words right out of her mouth.—Chicago News.

#### The Forecast.

Husband—Well, what did the phrenologist say about Willie's head? Wife—Nothing. He simply sighed and handed me my money back. Husband—Just as I expected. He's going to be a poet.—Exchange.

A man that hath not virtue in himself ever envieth virtue in others.—Bacon.

## THE CONCIERGE.

Absolute Monarch of the Parisian Flat-house, Who Rules With Iron Hand.

The "conclerge" is considered to be the bane of the Parisian flat dweller's existence. His functions are supposed to be the following:

The first and most important is to collect the rent on quarter day; after that he must see that the tenants do not surreptitiously remove. The latter precaution seems to be somewhat unnecessary, as rents in Paris are always paid in advance.

He should also bring up your letters at least twice a day, but as the concierge is generally a stout, middle aged woman who has a decided objection to climbing stairs the latter regulation remains somewhat of a dead letter.

In Paris the front door of most houses is generally closed at 10 o'clock. After that time admittance can only be obtained by ringing a bell. The concierge is obliged to open the door, and she does this, as soon as she is awake, by pulling a rope which hangs by her bedside.

If she is a sound sleeper and you are accustomed to come home late at night, the best thing to do is to look for another flat, as the concierge will put you down as a "bad tenant" and make things as unpleasant for you as possible.

If you never stop out late at night, receive very few friends and see her heavily at Christmas, the concierge will consider you as a "good tenant" until you give notice to leave, when her interest in you suddenly vanishes.

As there is nothing more to be expected from you and the incoming tenant is obliged to give a substantial tip, called a "denier a Dieu," she is anxious to "speed the parting guest" as much as possible.

The concierge does sometimes make a final effort to extract something more from you by attempting to make you pay a franc for every nail knocked in the walls of your flat, but this has been decided to be illegal and may be safely resisted.

But the Parisian concierge is really unpopular because she represents a landlord.—London Mail.

## A DELAYED LETTER.

And What Happened When the Missive Was Finally Recovered.

The vagaries of the postal service are sometimes beyond the understanding of the layman. In March of last year a man in New York received a letter from a friend in England, written when on the point of sailing for Philadelphia, urgently requesting him to return a loan of \$10. The man who wrote the letter needed funds and would the debtor kindly send the money to him, care of the steamship line at Philadelphia? The man in New York saw that his friend would reach Philadelphia within a day or two, so he promptly clapped a ten dollar bill in an envelope and addressed and mailed it.

A week later he was apprised by mail that the money had not arrived. Both men made a diligent search for the missing letter. But it could not be found. So the debtor gave his friend a check and forgot about his \$10, setting down its loss to the dishonesty of some intermediary who had handled the envelope.

Imagine his surprise when one day eight months later he received his letter from the dead letter office in Washington. It was covered with postmarks and much battered, for it had traveled many thousands of miles, back to England, around the United Kingdom and to America again, but the money was safe inside.

Chuckling, he met his friend a few minutes later and showed him the ten dollar bill.

"How's that for luck?" he queried. "Great," replied his friend. "Say, old man, you couldn't lend me that for a day or two, could you? It's like picking money up in the street for you, and I could make use of it just now."

Sadly, the bill was handed over. "What's the use of such wonderful occurrences?" mused the "lucky" man.—New York Post.

#### The Best Laid Plan.

Husband (who is going to the theater with his wife)—There; I took time by the forelock tonight. Here I am an hour beforehand, with my evening clothes all on and everything ready. Now I'll go downstairs and have a quiet smoke while you get ready.

Wife—Oh, darling! Can you ever forgive me?

"What's the matter now?" "Why, the cook tells me the furnace fire went out this afternoon, as the furnace man failed to come. The baby has a cold, you know. Would you mind going down in the cellar and making it over? You've just got time, love."—New York Herald.

#### Successful Ugly Women.

Successful women were not always of irreproachable beauty or modeling. Thus the Princess d'Evoll of Louis XV's time was one-eyed; the silt of Montespan's mouth reached her ears; Mme. de Maintenon was thin, meager, yellowish; La Valliere lame, Gabrielle d'Estrees one armed, Anne Boleyn six fingered.—Hindustan Review.

#### He Dodged.

Mr. Meek—Did you trump my ace? Mrs. M.—Yes. What of it? Mr. M.—Nothing, my dear. I'm glad it was you. If one of our opponents had done it we'd have lost the trick.—Cleveland Leader.

#### The Smart Ones.

"Do you believe that the world owes us all a living?" "Yes, but the smarter fellows are collecting the debt for us on an 80 per cent commission."—Boston Transcript.

## THE PARAGUAYANS.

A Lazy, Happy-go-lucky, Uncultured People That Live in a Bankrupt Republic.

The infusion of Spanish blood and customs into the Guarani has produced a people with the faults and good qualities of both in about equal parts. Dark of complexion, with strongly marked Indian features, essentially gentle when unrestrained or not unduly excited, careless of the morrow, poor and honest, hospitable and generous, indolent and uncultured, strongly Catholic in theory, but generally lax in religious performances as to dogmas—this is a rough sketch of the native people of Paraguay. Asuncion, the capital, and even the smaller places—Villa Rica, San Pedro, Villa del Pilar, Villa Concepcion—have their aristocratic families, of which the daughters and sons are sent to Europe to be educated and which maintain an exclusiveness that must be almost isolation. But in general the people mingle readily.

In the early morning in the streets of Asuncion the women gather in their long white dresses and barefooted to sell their wares. The younger women, judged by our standard, are beautiful and from carrying baskets and water jars on their heads have attained an erect and graceful carriage which our young women could well imitate. Besides, when they laugh they show two rows of pearls, and their speech in soft Guarani patois is worth going far to hear.

When you see Asuncion you see Paraguay, for it is the most advanced city in the republic. Its streets are poorly paved, it has male cars which run at long intervals and low speed, and the hotel accommodations are not exceptional, but there is a kind of lazy, happy-go-lucky gaiety about the city that represents the national feeling. Paraguay is hard up—yes, almost stone broke. The currency is paper and the value so small that for a hundred dollars one receives a basketful of ragged stuff, printed in Germany, to represent some nebulous indebtedness of the republic. Gold does not stay long in Paraguay, nor does it often enter the country.—Van Norden Magazine.

## EXPLOSIVES.

Best Way to Destroy Gunpowder and Nitroglycerin.

The best way to destroy ordinary black gunpowder is to throw it into a stream under conditions that prevent any harm coming to human beings or animals through the dissolving of the saltpeter. If no suitable stream is available, the gunpowder may be stirred with water in tubs, or the dry gunpowder may be poured out on the ground in a long thin line and ignited with a fuse at one end.

To destroy dynamite cartridges the paper wrappings should be carefully removed, the bare cartridges laid in a row with their ends in contact and the first cartridge ignited with a fuse without a cap. Even with these precautions a simultaneous explosion of the entire mass may occur, so that it is wise to retire to a safe distance. The row of cartridges should be laid parallel with the wind and ignited at the leeward end, so that the flame will be driven away from the mass.

Frozen dynamite should be handled with special care, as its combustion is peculiarly liable to assume an explosive character. A small quantity of dynamite may be destroyed by throwing it in very small bits into an open fire, or the cartridges may be exploded singly with pieces of fuse.—Scientific American.

Dynamite should never be thrown into water, as the nitroglycerin which it contains remains undissolved and capable of doing mischief. Other explosives which contain nitroglycerin should be treated in the same way as dynamite.

Ammonium nitrate explosives may be thrown in small fragments into an open fire or if they do not contain nitroglycerin may be destroyed by means of water. Explosive caps should be exploded singly with pieces of fuse.—Scientific American.

#### His Vocabulary.

He was an only child. They were very particular about his manner of speech, constantly correcting him so that he would use beautiful English. He, however, was allowed now and then to associate with other children. He played with a neighbor boy a long while one day, and when he came home there was an ecstatic smile on his face.

"I like that boy, mother," he said. "I like him very much. He swears beautifully. He knows every word."—New York Press.

#### Getting In Deeper.

"Who is that singing so dreadfully out of tune?" "It is my wife." "Perhaps the accompanist plays out of tune." "She is accompanying herself."—Meggendorfer Blatter.

#### One Recommendation.

"That sheet iron clothing a chap had to wear during the middle ages must have been far from comfortable." "Still, a fellow could have a permanent crease put in his trousers."—Louisville Courier-Journal.

#### Not a Bark.

"Then you don't have any dog-watches on this craft?" Inquired the anxious passenger, according to a writer in Life.

"No. This is a catboat." For artificial evils, for evils that spring from want of thought, thought must find a remedy somewhere.—Lowell.

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W. R. GRIFFIN

Reports from the Census Bureau show that 11,985,958 running bales of cotton were grown in the Southern States.

The aviation committee which had supervision over the aerial flight across the Alps has awarded \$10,000, half the amount of the prize, to George Charvez, who was injured on the journey.

The Mint in Philadelphia has resumed the coining of gold, which it turns into money during a part of the year. At present the figures show the Mint is turning out 700,000 cents a day.

The Rev. Dr. Samuel M. Newman, who for 20 years was pastor of the First Congregational Church, will go to Hagerstown, Md., to become president of the Kee Mar College.

Attention is called to the advertisement of Schwartz, jeweler and optician, 824 Seventh street northwest, in this issue of The Bee. This is one of the best and most thorough jewelry store in this city. Everything in this store is first class in every detail. Your eyeglasses are fitted, your eyes examined, and the very best material is used in the construction of your glasses. Satisfaction is guaranteed in everything.

A new silk mill has started in Reading, Pa., with Jansen & Pretzfeld, of New York, as managers, with twenty employees.





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#### YOUR EYES NEED GLASSES

IF YOU HAVE HEADACHES, PAIN IN THE EYES OR IF YOU CAN'T SEE TO READ WELL. OUR OPTICIAN WILL EXAMINE YOUR EYES FREE AND TELL YOU WHAT'S THE TROUBLE. SPECTACLES AND EYEGLASSES FROM \$1 UP.

#### JEWELRY—DIAMONDS—SILVERWARE ANNOUNCEMENT

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### LADIES LOOK!

Every lady can have a beautiful and luxuriant head of hair if she uses a MAGIC. After a shampoo or bath the Magic dries the hair, removing the dandruff and it will straighten the curliest head of hair. The Magic will not burn or injure the hair, because the comb is never heated. The steel heating bar which heats the hair, is placed, put into the flame of the alcohol or gas heater. The Aluminum Comb is easily detached from the heating bar, then, after the hair is heated the comb goes back into place and is held by a turn of the handle. The Magic Heater is also suitable for curling iron, has a cover and can be carried in a hand bag. Magic Shampoo Drier \$1.00. Magic Alcohol Heater \$1.50. Liberal terms to agents. Write for literature today.

Magic Shampoo Drier Co.,

Minneapolis, Minnesota.

#### SCHWARTZ.

#### YOUR BRAIN.

You Must See That It Is Kept Plastic by Not Overeating as You Grow Old.

Up to a certain age the brain remains plastic enough so that if an injury occurs to the thought brain the person can begin over again and create new knowledge centers in the other hemisphere.

This has happened in many cases where young people have lost certain powers or faculties by cerebral lesions and have afterward recovered these faculties by developing new centers in the other brain. It rarely happens after the age of forty-five, and the reason is because most persons after passing that age soon close their brains with calcareous matter by overeating and destroy the plasticity of their brains by filling them with food waste.

If all people past the age of forty-five would live on twelve ounces or less of solid food per day we should soon find that one may receive new ideas as readily at seventy-five as at fifteen. You cannot do it, however, if your brain is a hardened mass of waste matter. If you overeat you will be "stuffed" in your ways and a has-been at fifty. Keep your phonograph records soft and receptive.—Nautilus.

#### A STAGE VILLAIN.

His Reputation Clung to Him Outside the Theater.

An actor in a small company was unable one night to get accommodation at the only hotel in an English town, it is said, because its proprietor, a remarkably slow going person for such a place, recognized him as the villain in the melodrama who had stolen a cash box, set fire to a house, killed a detective, damaged a race horse and betrayed the hero's sister.

But something like this really did happen to George Scott, manager of the Alhambra in London. In his younger days Mr. Scott was a stage villain of the deepest dye, and one of his favorite parts was that of the wicked Levison in "East Lynne."

After playing the character a few nights in Blackpool he had occasion for wishing to change his lodgings and, knocking at the door of a house in the next street, was greeted by the good lady who opened it with a shriek and the subsequent exclamation:

"What! It's Levison, the dirty villain. Ye can't have rooms in my 'ouse! Get out or I'll call the police!"—London M. A. P.

#### Steel Pen Helps Forgers.

The crime of forgery has been facilitated and increased by the modern introduction of metallic pens, gold and steel, says a writer in the Indianapolis News. The old fashioned quill pen was smooth and pleasant to write with, though it sometimes balked and sputtered, but it did not lend itself to skillful imitations as easily as the metallic pen does. The crime of forgery doubtless has been promoted by the almost universal education of modern times. In an age when everybody writes and when many are skillful penmen forgeries are much more frequent than they were centuries ago, when the person who could handle a pen was an exception. Many modern criminals make a living by committing forgeries, victimizing hotels, banks, capitalists and business men generally.

#### Domestic Economy.

"Hey, mon," exclaimed the braw, bonnie north countryman, "thrift is a wonderful thing!"

"Yes," replied his English traveling companion. "You're right 'ere. Now, I gave my wife a ten pound note to manage on last time I was away, and—would you believe it?—instead of exceeding it she saved nearly a sovereign out of it to buy herself a hat!"

"That's nowt," replied the Scotsman. "My wife gives the kids hampennies apiece to go to bed supperless; when they're asleep she takes the hampennies off 'em agen, and then she makes 'em do without any breakfasts for lostn' 'em! Hey, mon, that's thriftn'!"—London Scrap.

#### FACING THE CUSTOM HOUSE

American Women, According to a Magazine Writer, Find the Customs Law Peculiarly Oppressive.

We American women find the customs law peculiarly oppressive because it is almost the only law with which most of us ever come into contact, says a writer in the Century. We go about our task at home, live out our days and die, without a thought of legal obligations. We are proud of our freedom, too, when we travel, glorying in it, boasting of personal liberty as the very breath of our national existence, demanding, because of it, the overthrow of so many social traditions abroad that our less-favored sisters on the other side regard us with awe and envy. Then we start for home. One day a steamship steward knocks at our stateroom door, hands us the government's printed form of declaration, and the "Notice to Passengers." Suddenly, for the first time in our lives, we find ourselves "bumped up against" the law. Some of us cannot understand it. We tremble; our hearts beat. We have consultations with friends and strangers. Blood-curdling stories are told. We can think of nothing else, talk of nothing else. Where have we packed our new things, where our old? Will they dig out everything? Will they believe us? Those little presents we have brought in—are they presents until we have declared them? And so on, and so on, until our last days become a nightmare compared with which seasickness is a paradise. Neither is there any man to protect us with any of those liberal "interpretations" which stand most of us in stead. We must go through the ordeal as we go through death—alone!

#### UNEARTHED WHALE'S BONES

Dredgers Lay Bare Skeleton of a Twenty-Footer—One Dredge Brings Up a Diamond.

In cutting away the bank of the creek a mile from the ocean on Hewletts Bay, the New York Sun says, workmen employed on the dredger Florida came across the skeleton of a 20-foot whale 12 feet below the surface of the meadows. The men had secured the vertebrae and head and were digging for the rest of the frame when the storm put an end to operations.

The large suction pipe of the dredger has brought to light many articles, some of them valuable. Two weeks ago a diamond ring worth \$100 was brought up. Just inside the suction pipe is a box which contains a magnet and all metal substances drop into the box, while the mud and dirt pass over it.

Lightning Doesn't Strike in Sleep. Doctor Brewer should have advised those who are nervous in a thunderstorm to go not merely to bed but to sleep. There is a popular tradition that lightning will not kill anyone who is asleep.

The folk lore of lightning is extensive and peculiar. According to one school, the splinters of a tree struck by lightning are an infallible specific for the toothache. But the most pleasing superstition is that which used to be cherished by the boys of a Yorkshire village who believed that if they mentioned the lightning immediately after a flash the seat of their trousers would be torn out. No boy could be induced to make the experiment.—London Chronicle.

#### History of Three-Dollar Gold Pieces.

Beginning with the year 1854 and ending with the year 1889, there were 539,792 of three-dollar gold coins sent out from the United States mints, a total value of \$1,619,376. A few were made in the early years of the mints at Dahlonega and New Orleans and quite a number at the San Francisco mint up to 1860, but the bulk of these coins were turned out by the mint at Philadelphia. They were never coined in sufficient numbers, these figures show, to become really familiar, to the people outside of banks, and it is hardly strange that the existence of the coin should be now largely forgotten.—Housekeeper Magazine.

#### Good Disinfectant.

Everyone knows the value of burning coffee as a disinfectant, but it is so identified with this use that one sets to wondering when sniffing its odor, about the smell which it may be covering up. Equally pleasant and effective is lavender, which may be used not only in the sick room, but through the house, to disguise the smell of food from the kitchen. To make the lavender disinfectant, soak sheets of common brown wrapping paper in salt-peter and water, then set them away to dry till wanted. When ready to use throw on one of these leaves of paper some flowers of lavender and burn them on a shovel, as in the case of the coffee.

#### An Obedient Patient.

When the chickens came home to roost they were astounded at finding an owl occupying the best perch in the house.

"You're in wrong, aren't you, son?" coldly remarked the leghorn rooster; "What brought you here, anyway?"

"Doctor's advice," replied the owl, without ruffling a feather. "Hurry up with the further particulars!" harshly commanded the rooster. "Keep your comb on, old chap!" said the owl; "you see, the terribly late hours I've been keeping began to affect my health and the doctor ordered me to go to bed with the hens!"

#### HOSPITALITY OF PORTUGUESE

Courteous Welcome That a Traveler Received From a Farmer and His Family.

All travelers know that the Portuguese are a courteous people. No better example of delicate and generous hospitality could be given than the experience of John Labouche, told in his "Travels in Portugal." The author was taking a horseback trip in that country, and riding toward Vianna the nightfall overtook him at quite a distance from the city.

I entered into a friendly conversation with a farmer who was riding my way, and asked him if he could tell me where I could get shelter for the night. He good humoredly laughed at the idea of my putting up at any place short of Vianna. I told him that I was not very particular and that my guide's horse was too tired for further traveling. He looked hard at me and then said:

"There is a house about one mile from here. You will get poor fare and poor shelter, but there is none better, I think, this side of Vianna. I will show you the way."

So we trotted on, and soon turning aside from the main road he guided us along a vile ox cart path, the worst of all roads to ride on in a bad night. Presently the narrow way opened out into a square walled enclosure, embowered with vines running over rafters of wood supported by the walls and stone pillars. It was like a huge room, the ceiling of which was vines. It was the courtyard of a good sized farmhouse. The farmer stopped.

"Why," said I, "this is a private house."

"It is the house of your excellency," replied the farmer, standing uncovered, with the true courteous hospitality of all old-fashioned Portuguese. It was, in truth, this man's house, and he and his wife, children and dog stood to welcome us.

"Cea! Cea!" called out the farmer, cheerily, which, being interpreted, is "Supper!" "Here is one who has not eaten since he was in Spain!"

#### THIS COLT WAS A FAMILY PET

Old Lady Mourned the Loss of a Frisky Young Thing Twenty-Two Years Old.

Mrs. U. S. Grant was spending one summer in the New England hills and she happened to be at hand when a native woman walked into the yard to deliver some eggs. "It's a long walk to town," the woman volunteered. "Don't you own a horse?" asked Mrs. Grant. The woman sniveled. "We had a colt, but it died last week." She suddenly began to weep. Mrs. Grant sympathetically remarked that the family must have been very fond of the colt, whereupon the woman dried her eyes. "Fond of him? Well, I should say. It was like seeing one of the family took, to see that colt go as he did. We all loved every inch of him." Mrs. Grant inquired how they came to love the colt so dearly. "Why," indignantly sobbed the woman, "we've had that colt now for going on to twenty-two years!"—Circle Magazine.

#### A Trial by Rice.

They have peculiar methods of trying suspects in Bengal. One of these is called "trial by rice." Every person suspected was ordered to be present, and all turned up. First the people were made to sit in a semicircle and a "plate" (a square of plantain leaf) was set before each. Then a priest walked up and down chanting and scattering flowers. The ceremony over one of the clerks went to each man and gave him raw rice and told him to chew it to a pulp. After about ten minutes they were told to stop and eject it into the plantain leaf. All did so easily with the exception of three men. One of these three promptly commenced to cry and begged for mercy, confessing everything and saying that another of the three was the chief instigator. It is a curious fact that fear, arising from an evil conscience, prevents saliva coming to the mouth, with the result described.

#### A Sixteenth Century Korean Book.

Of several chronicles on the Korean side of the Japanese invasion of Korea at the end of the sixteenth century a book entitled "Ching Pi Nok" is considered to be most trustworthy. The author of the book, Yu Song-yong, was one of the ministers at that time and actually witnessed the progress of the disastrous war.

Not many copies of the original edition are now in existence and they are consequently highly valued by historians and booklovers. The blocks used in printing the book were long known to exist in Korea, but their whereabouts was unknown. Many will be interested to hear that they were recently discovered in their entirety by a Japanese official at a certain remote place and that they will be brought back before long.—Seoul Press.

#### The Hat and Royalty.

The hat plays a considerable part in civilization as a sign and a symbol quite apart from its purpose as a shelter against the weather. In the mother of parliaments the etiquette regarding it is so elaborate that new members frequently find themselves involved in difficulties. There are two peers who to this day possess the right of remaining covered in the presence of royalty, if they care to exercise it. And the king always puts on his field marshal's hat before he reads the speech to the assembled lords and commons.

#### HERE ARE TONGUE-TWISTERS

Great Difficulty Is Frequently Experienced in Pronouncing a Certain Succession of Words.

Whether a certain succession words is difficult to pronounce or not, largely depends upon the rate at which they are uttered. A lecturer recently had great difficulty with a sentence in which he described how two savages who had been converted fell tooth and nail upon images of their ancient heathen gods, "thus totally repudiating their two tutelary deities." If he had spoken more deliberately, he would not have had so much trouble getting past the concluding words. A poet once went and stood by the seashore, and imagined that in the quiet hush of the twilight hour the seabade him a lingering farewell. But the line in which he expressed his poetic imagination is practically impossible to read aloud rapidly:

"The sea ceaseth and dismiseth us with his blessing."

This line, as Lowell said of a line of Matthew Arnold's about Shakespeare, hisses like an angry gander. It makes such an awkward collocation of words as "Shave a cedar shingle thin" seem comparatively easy to say.

It is not always a "hard saying" that involves the speaker in confusion. He may trip up on comparatively simple, easy words. The story is told of the young actor who was promoted from a "my-lord-the-carriage-waiter" part to impersonate a nobleman. He was very nervous over his new dignity. When he was asked as he appeared on the stage whether he had brought any luggage, he was supposed to answer: "Only two bags and a rug." What he said was: "Only two rags and a bug."

A clergyman intending to refer to the Diety in the course of his prayer as a "loving shepherd" said a "shoving leopard" instead. The worst offender was perhaps a politician who addressed a woman suffrage convention, and intended to be execrably polite. He meant after a somewhat lengthy oration to indicate that he hoped he was not addressing "weary benches." But what he said was "beery benches."

#### LEFT HIS SPEECH AT HOME

Embryo Orator Loses Out Because of an Accident to Messenger Bearing His Manuscript.

"Mr. Toastmaster and Gentlemen," said the young man who was facing a crowd of listeners for the first time, "impressed by the—ah—importance of this occasion, I prepared a speech to—ah—be delivered here this evening and—ah—I would be very glad to—ah—give it to you, but I have forgotten it. (Loud applause). I would read it to you from the manuscript if I had not—ah—unfortunately left it in my room at the hotel. (Cries of "Good! Good!") But I have telephoned for it and—ah—a messenger is on his way here with it. I expect him at any minute. In the—ah—meantime I will say that it—ah—gives me great pleasure to be with you tonight. I am—ah—highly honored and—ah—I assure you that—"

"If the gentleman will pardon me for a moment," interrupted the toastmaster, "I have an announcement to make that will be of interest to him. Word has just come by telephone that the messenger who was bringing his speech was run over by an automobile and the manuscript has been lost."

After the tumultuous applause had been stilled a resolution of sympathy for the chauffeur was offered and passed with a whoop.—Chicago Record-Herald.

#### Money and Happiness.

It is not the mere accumulation of money that hurts men. It is the sacrifices they are willing to make for money. It is the desire to abandon themselves to unwholesome self-gratification; to become walking appetites; to lose all obligation for self-restraint, all obligation for laborious days and temperate nights—this is what persuades philosophers that the root of evil is money. For without labor and self-mortification and the acquirement of that strength, both moral and physical, which comes to him who has learned to say "No" to his own appetites and his own desires, there is no truer greatness, no advance to those higher levels of character and spiritual discernment which mark men off from one another as they mark men off from the beasts of the field.—Pittsburg Press.

#### A Composite Wedding Cake.

At a recent wedding the bride's cake contained besides its own special component parts, small portions of the wedding cakes of the bride's father and mother, her sisters and brothers, as well as the silver and golden wedding cakes of the grandparents.

In the wedding cake which the bride cuts, there are usually hidden a gold ring, a thimble, a dime, a raisin and other tokens desired. These are wrapped in paraffin paper, and the one receiving the ring is properly expected to be the next bride. The thimble foretells spinsterhood, the dime, wealth in prospect, and the raisin an unannounced engagement.

#### Works Both Ways.

"There's a proverb that fits every man."

"What one fits me?"

"To whom God gives office, he also gives brains."

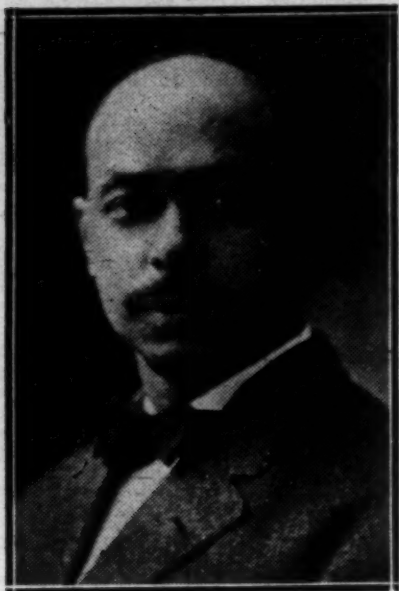
"But I have no office."

"Well, don't you see how it fits?"—Cleveland Leader.



## ROSCOE C. BRUCE.

**His Usefulness at an End.**  
(From the East Tennessee News.)  
Washington affords the best public school facilities for the education of colored children of any city in the world. Yet you cannot find in this broad land a city or town where the management of colored public schools is more discredited by its citizens than right here under the shadow of the Capitol. An acrimonious fight has been going on for more than a year by a civic organization known as the Citizens' Association, attacking the methods of Assistant Superintendent



ASSIST. SUPT. ROSCOE C. BRUCE

Roscoe C. Bruce, who has entire charge of the colored schools. The Citizens' Association and newspapers have created such a public sentiment against the present regime that the usefulness and efficiency of Assistant Superintendent Bruce is practically at an end. If the Board of Education does not take cognizance of the protests from citizens and patrons of the colored schools, Congress this winter will certainly take the management of the public schools out of the hands of a Board of Education and place a director in its stead in control of this system.

## BETHEL LITERARY

A BRILLIANT OPENING OF THE LITERARY.

**Dr. DuBois Makes a Masterly Address—President Wilkinson Makes a Good Presiding Officer—Office Holders Attacked—Prof. Layton and His Choir.**

One of the most brilliant openings in the history of the Bethel Literary took place in the main auditorium of the Metropolitan Methodist Church last Tuesday evening.

Seated on the platform were Dr. DuBois, Misses Madine and Mattie Bowen, ex-President Louis J. Gregory and President Wilkinson. The choir of the Metropolitan Church, under the leadership of that distinguished and talented director, Prof. J. T. Layton, rendered the music. There were about thirty voices in the choir, and the singing was excellent. President Wilkinson introduced Dr. DuBois in a well delivered address. He makes a fine presiding officer.

Dr. DuBois in a scholarly address pointed out the wrongs against the race, and demanded universal independence on their part. He discussed the different kinds of education, Negro leadership and hypocrisy and inefficiency. He spoke of the lack of manhood in the colored press and the senile characteristics of the colored race. He criticized Register Vernon for his alleged Kansas interview on Negro segregation. The office holders came in for their share of criticism, and Dr. Washington was not forgotten.

At the conclusion of his address he received an ovation.

President Wilkinson introduced Prof. Kelly Miller, of Howard University, who made the opening discussion. Prof. Miller is always eloquent and entertaining.

The next speaker introduced was Prof. W. H. Richards, of the law department of Howard University. He didn't think that the colored race was a senile race. He spoke of the valor and bravery of the colored soldiers, and what others had done to uphold manhood rights.

Lieut. Thomas H. R. Clark defended Register Vernon. He denied that Register Vernon ever had such an interview as was credited to him. He had sent a denial to the paper in which it was published, and thought that Dr. DuBois might have been misinformed.

Ex-Judge E. M. Hewlett was the next speaker, and he declared that he indorsed everything that Dr. DuBois had said. That the Negroes in the city of Washington were greater cowards than the Negroes were farther South. That the Negroes in this city would not protest against anything. (Laughter and applause.)

Attorney Napoleon P. Marshall was the next speaker. He denounced ex-President Roosevelt, and declared further, that when the colored soldiers were dismissed in disgrace, not a colored citizen raised his voice against the outrage.

Mr. Ewing, of the Treasury Department, made a vehement speech. He defended the office holders in most eloquent and pointed terms.

Attorney W. Calvin Chase was the next speaker, recognized, and he said among other things that he didn't agree with the paper in toto; that he would take exceptions to two matters in particular, and they were the reference the speaker made to the colored press and office holders. The speaker himself had been a candidate for office, to wit, the superintendency of the colored schools of this city, but he was prevented from securing the place by my most distinguished friend Mrs. Mary Church-Terrell; and so far as my fellow citizen, ex-Judge E. W. Hewlett is concerned, I want to say that the entire time he held office

he saw many wrongs inflicted upon the colored race and he never uttered a protest until after he was relieved of his office. (Loud laughter and applause.)

Mr. Hewlett jumped up excitedly and attempted to speak, but his voice was lost in the midst of laughter and ridicule.

Mrs. M. C. Terrell said that she was the first and only person who had called to see President Taft in the interest of the colored soldiers; that she was with the President three hours begging him to withhold the order of dismissal. She was loudly applauded. She also took exceptions to the speech of Dr. DuBois, and concluded by saying that this was no senile race.

Prof. L. M. Henshaw, as usual, made a very pointed address, and said that he didn't agree with all that Dr. DuBois had said.

Prof. Jesse Lawson was the last speaker. His address was calm and deliberate.

President Wilkinson made an announcement, after which the meeting adjourned.

### Race Uplift.

Dr. W. E. Berghardt DuBois advocates a national association for the uplift of the Negro.

"It is now time," he continued, "after fifteen years of experiment that we should step forward in three definite directions. First, we should seek to get a systematic and definite knowledge of ourselves. Second, we should seek to make a systematic and continued protest against injustice, and third, we should in every direction increase our organized endeavor. It does seem to me that this program is not one of frightful or forbidding radicalism, nor does it exclude anything for which an honest opportunist rightly strives.

### Have National Association.

"Today we have for this purpose in New York a National Association for the Advancement of Colored People. And this association differentiates itself from other organizations in this one unusual respect; that is, it is organized in conjunction with those who are working in similar ways along other lines of social uplift. We comprise among us social workers and reformers interested in nearly every line of social uplift. Hitherto, the Negro in the United States has had little interest in the work of these people. Strange to say, he has rather sided with the great capitalists and philanthropists, and is even found speaking against social reform, against races like the Jews and against all people who are fighting for a cause. The time for this foolishness has passed. These are the people who are revolutionizing the world. We must recognize that the cause of the Negro is one with every cause of world uplift, and one which employs the same methods and uses the same arguments, and we must therefore join hands with all people throughout the world who are fighting for the world's good."

### TYLER GARDEN PRIZE COMPETITION

Of the Howard Park Citizens' Association.

A number of prizes for the best kept lawns and gardens by boys and girls under eighteen years of age living within the territory bounded on the north by Park Road, on the east, Second street N. W., on the south, Rhode Island and Florida avenues; on the west, Ninth street and Sherman avenue, will be awarded at the next meeting of the Howard Park Citizens' Association, at the Church of the Redeemer, Eighth street near Barry Place, Monday evening, October 10, 8 P. M.

The prize garden competition movement is but one of the many efforts made by this association for the betterment within their territory, and marked improvement in the condition of the streets, sidewalks, lights and sanitary conditions is to be noted.

Mrs. Robert A. Pelham, the chairman of the garden competition committee, gives notice in behalf of the association that the judges will announce their decisions as to the prize winners, and Mr. R. W. Tyler, Fourth Auditor of the Treasury, the donor of the fund for the prizes, will be present at this meeting and make the awards.

Rev. J. M. Walden, president of the Alley Improvement Association; Mrs. Mary Church-Terrell, member of the Board of Education, and Mrs. Rosetta Lawson, national organizer of the W. C. T. U., the judges, made a tour of the district and viewed the competitors' grounds on Tuesday, October 4.

A representative of the National Flower Guild will be present in recognition of the association's effort along their lines. All the competitors and their friends are requested to be present and a cordial invitation is also extended to the public to join the association in its efforts for better civic conditions and surroundings throughout the District.

### The First Great Social Event of the Season

Will be the recital by Prof. Joseph Shelton Pollen, a graduate of the New England Conservatory of Music, to be given at the Metropolitan A. M. E. Church, M street between 15th and 16th streets northwest on Monday evening, October 17, 1910, at 8 o'clock.

Prof. Pollen will be assisted by Mme. E. V. Prioleau-Jackson, Miss Lottie Wallace, Mr. Felix F. Weir and Mrs. Eva Bell Height.

Reserved seats, only 35 cents, to be secured at the Board and McGuire Pharmacy, 1912 1/2 14th street northwest, after October 10.

Proceeds for the benefit of the Memorial Hall for Catherine Ferguson, the colored woman who established the first Sunday school in New York. This will be Prof. Pollen's first appearance in Washington in recital work, and, as he is a Washington boy, his friends intend to give him a rousing welcome at his home coming. Help to make it unanimous.

### A Fine House.

This is what The Bee should have said last week when it spoke of the fine house that was recently purchased by Attorney A. W. Scott and not five houses.

## LEGAL NOTICES.

**Augustus W. Gray, Attorney.**  
In the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, Lucy Pollard, plaintiff, vs. William Pollard, defendant, Eva Clark, co-respondent. No. 26119, Equity Doc. 58.

The object of this suit is to obtain an absolute divorce on the ground of "adultery."

On motion of the plaintiff, it is this 31st day of August, 1910, ordered that the defendant, William Pollard, and the co-respondent, Eva Clark, cause their appearance to be entered herein on or before the fortieth day, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays, occurring after the first publication of this order; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default. Provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks in the Washington Law Reporter and The Washington Bee before said day. Ashley M. Gould, Justice. A true copy. Test: J. R. Young, clerk, by S. McC. Hawkins, assistant clerk.

**Augustus W. Gray, Attorney.**  
In the Supreme Court of the District of Columbia, Fannie Waters, plaintiff, vs. Linnie Waters, defendant, Emma Waters, co-respondent. No. 26827, Equity Doc. 59.

The object of this suit is to obtain an absolute divorce on the ground of "adultery."

On motion of the plaintiff, it is this 31st day of August, 1910, ordered that the defendant, Linnie Waters, and the co-respondent, Emma Waters, cause their appearance to be entered herein on or before the fortieth day, exclusive of Sundays and legal holidays, occurring after the day of the first publication of this order; otherwise the cause will be proceeded with as in case of default. Provided, a copy of this order be published once a week for three successive weeks in the Washington Law Reporter and The Washington Bee before said day. Ashley M. Gould, Justice. A true copy. Test: J. H. Young, clerk, by S. McC. Hawkins, assistant clerk.

### At the Howard.

The next attraction at the Howard Theater will be the Howard Stock Company in the new musical comedy entitled "My Friend From Dixie," an original comedy, written by J. Lubin Hill, who has been a producer with Williams and Walker shows for the past three years. He has also composed many song hits for the late Honest Hogan. The music for this production was written especially by Mr. Hill. All members of the Howard Stock Company have been with the big shows.

**In Fairness to the 25th.**  
(From the Cleveland Plain Dealer.)  
Many readers will recall that the National Forestry Department the other day sent a letter to the officer in command of the 25th regiment of infantry, complimenting him upon the "most excellent and gallant service" of Co. G in fighting the recent fires in the Northwest. But how many connected the incident in any way with the once famous Brownsville affair or appreciated the fact these heroes of a trying ordeal are Negro soldiers?

It was the 25th regiment that was involved in the Brownsville shooting. It was a battalion from this same 25th which Theodore Roosevelt, suspended peremptorily for its supposed participation in the Texas town's night of terror.

When it was in trouble the 25th was heralded everywhere as a Negro regiment; there was allowed no chance for doubt on that point. Why, then, should not the fact of the regiment's color be given equal emphasis, now that one of its companies has achieved a merited reputation for bravery?

The Negro makes a brave, patriotic soldier, as he makes a capable business or professional man, and a good citizen. He is too often denied the credit that is his due.

### Blue Lodges.

The grand visitations this year have been the most successful and largely attended. The reports of the examining committees have shown a healthy condition in all lodges. Each lodge was highly complimented by the Grand officers. Ionic Lodge, No. 17, initiated nine candidates Wednesday night. Several other lodges have worked on small numbers during September.

### Royal Arch.

The Most Excellent High Priest Companion A. W. Sears began his grand visitation Tuesday night, visiting Datcher Court, No. 3, H. of J. A royal reception was tendered him after a lengthy program. The visitation was very impressive. All the ladies were handsomely gowned and crowned, which added to the scenic beauty.

### A. S. S. Rite.

All of the Masonic departments have accepted invitations to escort the Supreme Council from their rendezvous, 19th Street Hall, to Metropolitan A. M. E. Church, on Oct. 17, where they will be met by the honorable ladies of the grand and subordinate chapters; also Ladies of R. H. Gleaves Golden Circle and Daughters of Isis.

### Dr. Smith.

Dr. Smith, the popular druggist at the corner of Fourth and Elm streets, LeDroit Park, has added a new stock of first-class drugs and toilet articles to his store. He has purchased the entire stock of Miss Clara Smith and placed it in his store. Dr. Smith is an up-to-date pharmacist.

Mr. W. H. Smith, manager of the Howard Stock Company and theater, has just returned from New York, where he has been for some time.

### A Conference on Africa.

A University Conference on Africa and the Near East was held at Clark University, Worcester, Mass., beginning Oct. 4 to 8, 1910, inclusive. At the opening session, Oct. 4, Dr. G. Stanley Hall, president of the university, will preside and make an address of welcome. The program has been

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arranged so as to give a pretty good insight into conditions in various parts of Africa and the Near East, and experts of one kind and another have been asked to discuss various phases of the questions to be brought before the conference.

Dr. George H. Blakeslee, Professor of History, Clark University, who arranged the program, has become very much interested in the Librarian and African situation.

The program of the conference, as published, calls for the following subjects and discussions:

"The contribution of the Negro to human civilization."—Alexander F. Chamberlain, Ph. D., Assistant Professor of Anthropology in Clark University, Worcester.

Address, "Dynamic factors in the Librarian situation."—George W. Ellis, F. R. G. S., for eight years Secretary of the American Legation in Monrovia, Liberia.

Address, "The United States and Liberia."—Emmett J. Scott, of Tuskegee Institute, Alabama, a member of the commission recently sent by the United States government to investigate conditions in Liberia.

Address, "Economic progress in tropical Africa since exploration."—Cyrus C. Adams, recently President of the Association of American Geographers; author of "David Livingstone" and "African Development."

Address, "The geographical factors in the development of South Africa."—W. Morris Davis, Sc. D., Professor of Geology in Harvard University; traveler in South Africa; recently President of the Association of American Geographers.

Address, "The Hinterland of Liberia."—Rev. Lewis P. Clinton, born in the Liberian "bush," the son of a Bassa chief; now for ten years a missionary to his native people.

Address, "The Congo Free State and Congo Belge."—Frederick Starr, Ph. D., Sc. D., Associate Professor of Anthropology in the University of Chicago; explorer in the Congo Free State; author of "The Truth About the Congo."

Address, "France's African Empire."—Edgar Allen Forbes, managing editor of the World's Work; African traveler and explorer.

Among some of the other subjects and the persons to discuss them are the following:

Address, "Extraterritoriality in Turkey."—Albert Bushnell Hart, LL. D., Litt. D., Professor of the Science of Government, Harvard University; President of the American Historical Association.

Address, "Physical environment as a factor in the present condition of Turkey."—Ellsworth Huntington, Ph. D., instructor in Yale University; author of "Explorations in Turkestan" and "The Pulse of Asia;" awarded the Memoir Medal by the Geographical Society of Paris.

Address, "American education in Turkey."—Samuel T. Dutton, Ph. D., Superintendent of Teachers' College Schools, Columbia University; lecturer at Universities of Copenhagen, Christiania and Upsala; trustee of Robert College, Constantinople.

Address, "Education in the Turkish Empire."—Howard S. Bliss, D. D., President of the Syrian Protestant College, Beirut, Turkey.

Address, "American interests in the Near East."—Hon. Evan E. Young, Chief of the Division of Near Eastern Affairs, Department of State, Washington, D. C. formerly United States consul at Harput and Saloniki, Turkey.

The conference last year dealt with a discussion of the problems of the Far East, experts coming from Japan, Korea, the Philippines, and China to discuss the various subjects.

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an, Korea, the Philippines, and China to discuss the various subjects.

### Co-operative and Building Association.

Mr. J. Louis Taylor, a prominent member of the bar; George W. Felton, W. H. Farmer, J. A. Davis and others have organized the People's Co-operative Building and Loan Association. It bids fair to be the leading association of its character in the city. Men connected with this new enterprise are reliable and men of property. See advertisement elsewhere.

Coming to the New Howard Theater. Manager W. H. Smith has booked Stetson's "Uncle Tom's Cabin" for the week of October 10, and this popular company will open there on Monday afternoon for daily matinees. This should be a welcome announcement to patrons of that popular playhouse as well as to the general public, that love this charming old drama. It is a well-known fact that the Stetson company is one of the best that has ever presented this great play, and this season will but add to its popularity with young and old, for it is even better than what it has been, if such a thing could be possible to so good a company. New features have been added, the old ones given better interpretation. The musical part of the program has been greatly increased. It is said to have the heaviest scenic equipment of any company traveling. A monster street parade will be given at noon.

The National Religious Training School, Durham, N. C., offers an unusually strong course for young men who are preparing to enter the Christian ministry. There is always an inviting field for the trained minister.

Lectures by distinguished men will be delivered throughout the entire course. It will be thorough in every particular. It will seek to combine the cardinal principles of religion and work.

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All applications for admission must be made by September 15, 1910. For further information address the President, National Religious Training School, Durham, N. C.

**National Religious Training School.**  
The National Religious Training School, Dr. James E. Shepard of Durham, N. C., president, will open Oct. 12. This is one of the greatest schools in the South.

May Ling Soong, a young Chinese girl, has been barred from the High School in Macon, Ga., because she is not of the Caucasian race. She is the niece of Ging Chun Wan, who is connected with the Chinese Embassy here.

The number of students in the Harvard freshman class is 668; last year, 657—an increase of 11. There is a decrease, it is said, in the total number of new students.

Subject: "The Cucumber."  
Rev. L. C. Moore, the National Sunday school mission worker and counselor, ex-member of the Mississippi Legislature, ex-town marshal, ex-deputy sheriff, ex-U. S. enumerator, ex-constable, ex-U. S. watchman, ex-U. S. messenger, ex-jailor, orator and poet, will give a grand lecture and poetical entertainment at Mount Carmel Baptist Church, Fourth and L streets northwest, Sunday, Oct. 2, 1910, at 3 p. m. All Sunday schools invited to hear their friend. Rev. W. P. Gibbons, pastor.

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Mr. Joseph E. Davis, 1020 U Street, N. W.

Mr. E. Throckmorton, 1500 14th Street, N. W.

Mr. George Steele, 1900 L Street, N. W.

Mr. D. S. Reed, 1013 New York Avenue, N. W.

Mr. Charles E. Smith, 312 G Street, S. W.

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J. H. Gray, 1233 Pine Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

Robert S. Lawrence, 417 1/2 King Street, Charleston, S. C.

James Allen, 1023 Texas Avenue, Shreveport, La.

Alphesus Conly, 7 Potter Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

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W. H. Robinson, 406 South 11th Street, Philadelphia, Pa.

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